

A company which "takes one



step beyond" at all times



Since our foundation, we have realized sustainable growth by nurturing JCR's unique strengths as a company that "takes one step beyond."

Since its inception in 1975, JCR has been working on proprietary technology development and creation of products in a manner keeping one step ahead of competitors at all times. This has led to a steady growth and recognition as "JCR, the biopharma," and the successful listing on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange in 2013. In 2015, which marked the 40th anniversary of JCR, we received the marketing approval for TEMCELL® HS Inj., the first allogeneic regenerative medical product in Japan. We will continue to actively take on challenges for development also in the field of cell therapy and regenerative medicine.

1993 GROWJECT® Inj. 4IU, a recombinant hGH product, launched

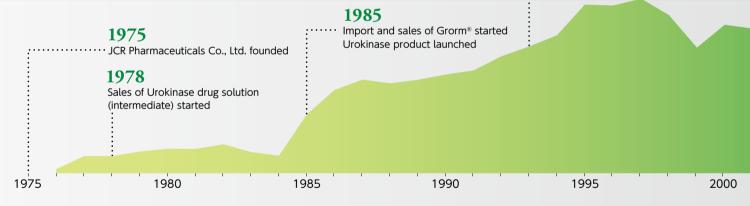


2010 Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR for treatment of renal anemia, the first biosimilar in Japan, launched



License agreement for mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) with Osiris Therapeutics, Inc. (U.S.)* concluded ······

10 billion yen



| With "Accumulated Technologies" as the Foundation, Moving to the Stage of Further "HIYAKU" (Leap into the Future)

JCR's history started from the production of the "Urokinase," a urine-derived proteindegrading enzyme. In 1983, we obtained an approval for production of Urokinase product and drug solution, which brought us into the limelight.

JCR aims to achieve further "HIYAKU" as a specialty pharma company that keeps taking on challenges in drug development for rare diseases, which has been our target since our inception, with our proprietary biotechnologies and technologies for cell therapy and regenerative medicine.





Production at the time of foundation



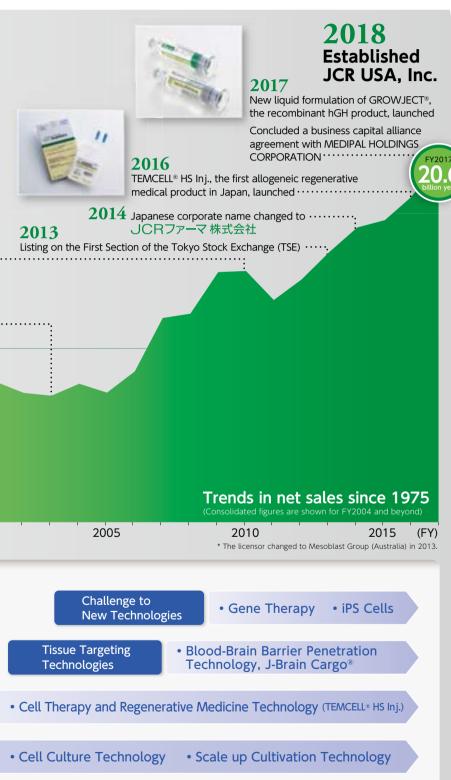
Technologies for Cell Therapy

and Regenerative Medicine

Technologies for Developing **Recombinant DNA Product**

- High-level Protein Purification Technology (Urokinase)
- Recombinant DNA Technology (Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR)

History



JCR's Strengths



Proprietary Biotechnologies

- at the forefront of innovation



2

Cell Therapy and Regenerative Medicine Technologies

- achievement of our challenges

3

Development Capabilities

- full-fledged from research to commercialization



4 Production

System

- adapted to global standards



Business Structure - focused on target domains



Management
Structure
- capable of speedy decision making



Proactive Team of Multi-Talented Human Resources

JCR is striving to maximize its strengths by encouraging every employee to demonstrate a venture spirit under a free-spirited corporate culture.





Proprietary Biotechnologies

- at the forefront of innovation

Biopharmaceuticals have an extremely complex physical structure compared with conventional small molecule pharmaceuticals, and require highly advanced technologies. Leveraging the proprietary biotechnologies it has developed since its founding in 1975, JCR will accelerate the evolution of biopharmaceuticals.



3

Cell Therapy and Regenerative Medicine Technologies

- achievement of our challenges

For a long time, JCR has accumulated expertise in cell therapy and regenerative medicine technology, and has successfully developed and launched TEMCELL® HS Inj., the first allogeneic regenerative medical product in Japan. At present, JCR continues to ambitiously push ahead with research and development focused on new regenerative medical products to follow the aforementioned product.



Development Capabilities

- full-fledged from research to commercialization

JCR focuses on rare diseases, intractable diseases, and the pediatrics and neonatology fields. JCR is pursuing activities under an integrated system ranging from basic studies to create innovative technologies and pharmaceutical seeds, to the development of production technology for biopharmaceuticals with various properties.



Related page

P.22 Special Topic: Seeking to Improve the Central Nervous System Manifestations of Lysosomal Storage Diseases P.26 Research and Development



Number of production sites

4



Production System

- adapted to global standards





Related page
P.32 Production System



Number of Medical Representatives Approx. 80



Business Structure

- focused on target domains



JCR's marketing organization consists of approximately 80 medical representatives deployed at eight business bases across Japan. Through marketing activities focused on target domains, JCR continues to provide and collect information to support good relationships between patients and medical professionals.



Related page
P.34 Marketing Strategies

Strengths



Management Structure

- capable of speedy decision making



JCR is working to continuously strengthen corporate governance by enhancing the legal compliance, transparency and objectivity of management. By doing so, JCR seeks to supply high-quality and even more effective pharmaceuticals and medical devices to society, thereby further enhancing its corporate value.



P.44 Corporate Governance

7

Proactive Team of Multi-Talented Human Resources



JCR is focused on developing human resources who will support its sustainable growth. Guided by the management team's aspirations to value each and every employee, JCR is working to improve its workplace environment in order to allow employees to fully demonstrate their capabilities and adopt a diverse range of work styles.



Related page
P.38 CSR Activities

We deliver high-quality biopharmaceuticals and regenerative medical products through our full-fledged capabilities from R&D to production and commercialization.

Business Process



Research and Development

We leverage our proprietary biotechnologies and cell therapy and regenerative medicine technologies to accelerate the research and development of therapeutic candidates for rare diseases.



Production

World-class production/quality assurance system has been established, with cutting edge production technologies introduced to four sites.



Marketing

We carry out sales promotion activities focused on the target domain at eight business bases across Japan and address the needs of medical professionals of each region.

Core Products

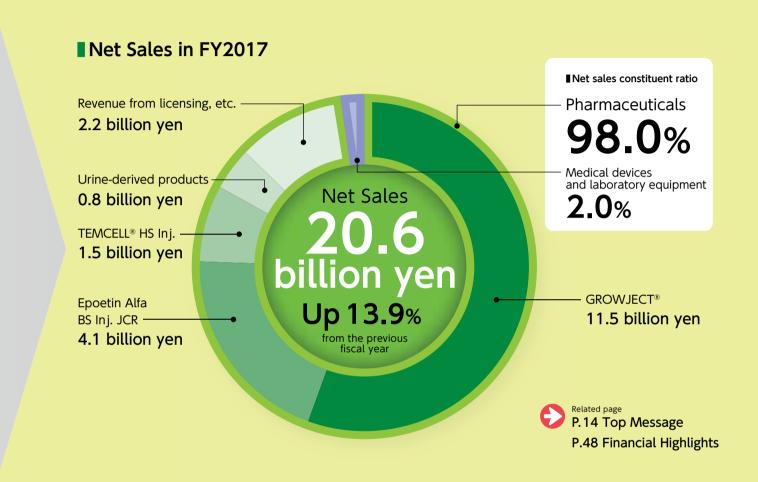
Recombinant human growth hormone product $GROWJECT^{\circledR}$





GROWJECT® was approved for production and marketing in 1993 for the treatment of short stature primarily caused by growth hormone deficiency in children. We offer an array of injectors to satisfy patients' needs. Furthermore, the liquid formulation of GROWJECT® along with its dedicated electrically-controlled injector was launched in January 2017.

At a Glance



Recombinant erythropoietin product Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR



Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR is for the treatment of anemia, a common indication in dialysis patients. It was launched in May 2010 as the first made-in-Japan biosimilar. Mesenchymal stem cell-based product for acute graft-versus-host disease

TEMCELL® HS Inj.



TEMCELL® HS Inj., launched in 2016, is the world's first human mesenchymal stem cell-based product for the treatment of acute graft-versus-host disease.*

* A severe complication following hematopoietic stem cell transplant



Accepting the challenge of creating the world's first innovative biopharmaceuticals originating from Japan, JCR will leap into a new stage.

JCR formulated the "Mid-Term Management Plan for FY2015 to FY2019" with "HIYAKU (leap into the future)" towards a new stage as the key concept in June 2015. We are advancing a variety of measures, aiming to become a "research-oriented specialty pharma with global exposure" leveraging our strengths cultivated since the inception as drivers of HIYAKU.



[What JCR Is Today]

R&D oriented pharmaceutical company with leading technologies

Proprietary biotechnologies and cell therapy and regenerative medicine technologies

[JCR's Strengths (Drivers to Achieve "HIYAKU")]

- 1. Proprietary Biotechnologies
 at the forefront of innovation
- Cell Therapy and Regenerative Medicine Technologies
 - achievement of our challenges
- 3. Development Capabilities
 full-fledged from research to commercialization
- 4. Production System
 - adapted to global standards
- 5. Business Structure
 - focused on target domains
- **6. Management Structure** capable of speedy decision making
- 7. Proactive Team of Multi-Talented **Human Resources**

[JCR's Vision]

Research oriented specialty pharma with global exposure

Key Concept of Mid-Term Management Plan for FY2015 to FY2019





Now is the time to leap into the future

Points of Focus to Achieve Our Goals

- 1. Advancing R&D activities one step beyond
- 2. Reinforcing our capabilities via new businesses development
- 3. Further enhancing "Business Structure" and "Product Strategy"
- 4. Reinforcing "Management Platform"

2019

2018

2017

2016

Numerical Goals

	Achievements in FY2017	Goals for FY2019	
Net sales	20.6 billion yen	25.0 billion yen	
Operating income	3.8 billion yen	5.0 billion yen	

2015

Strategy

We continue to take on challenges as a specialty pharma to create innovative pharmaceutical products as value-added treatment options for the under-served patient community.

Basic Philosophy

Corporate philosophy of JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. is "Contributing towards people's healthcare through pharmaceutical products."

Under this philosophy, we aim to contribute to health improvements with better treatment options as a pioneer company engaged in research, development, production and marketing of biopharmaceuticals and regenerative medicine.

Reliability

We strive to establish a reliable company for all stakeholders by actions with high sense of duty in addition to compliance.

Confidence

We take a unique approach in advancing our research and development and provide high-quality products and information with confidence in the aim of providing world-class pharmaceuticals.

Belief

We aim for further corporate growth in the belief of "Think by oneself, Act by oneself" under the basic philosophy.





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Compilation Policy

In this "Annual Report 2018," we mainly focus on the business management and financial information and also provide non-financial information including CSR activities to readers to explain our business activities in a comprehensive manner.

- Period covered: FY2017 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)
- * This report contains some contents of FY2018.
- Organizations covered: JCR Group (JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. and other five consolidated subsidiaries)
- * See explanatory notes for exceptions.
- Unit in financial information: In principle, numerical values are rounded down to the nearest whole number in the specific unit. However, when a unit is in hundred millions, values are rounded up or down to the nearest hundred million yen.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report contains forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside our control and are based on our judgments derived from the information available to us at this time. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to be materially different from those expressed in our forward-looking statements include, but not limited to, a deterioration of economic conditions, a change in the legal or governmental system, a delay in launching a new product, impact on competitors' pricing and product strategies, a decline in marketing capabilities relating to our products, production difficulties or delays, an infringement of our intellectual property rights, an adverse court decision in a significant lawsuit and regulatory actions.

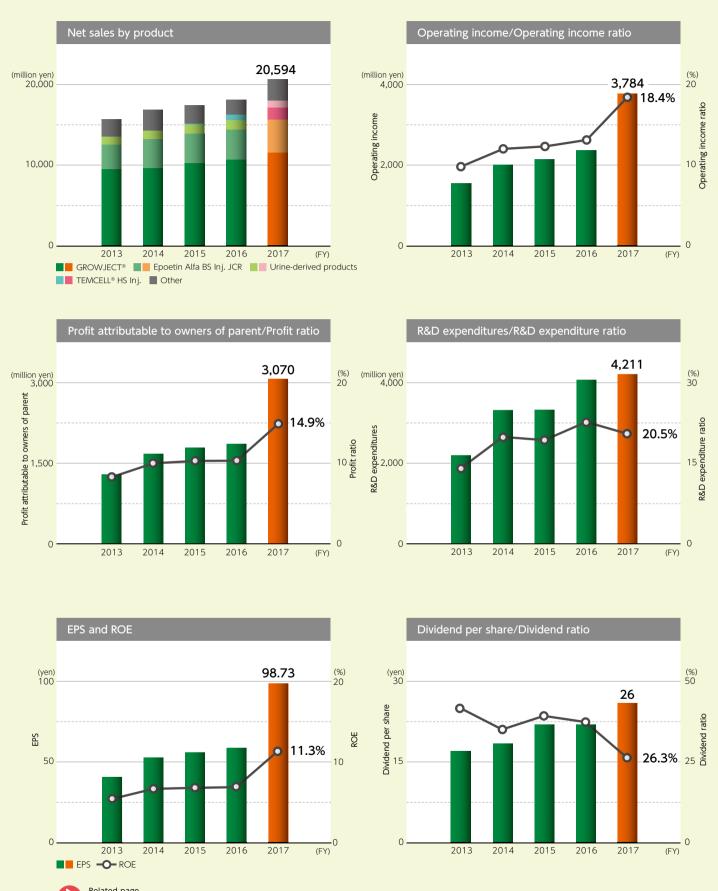
Details Concerning Financial Information

For details of financial information concerning FY2017, please refer to the "Financial Report."

http://www.jcrpharm.co.jp/en/site/en/ir/financial.html

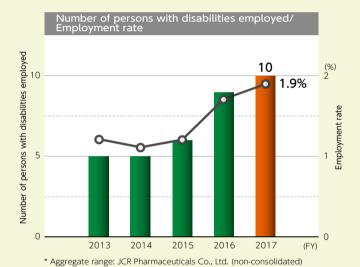
Consolidated Financial and Non-Financial Highlights

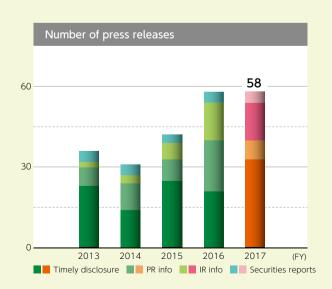
JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

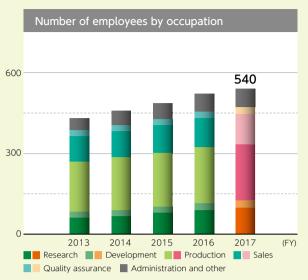


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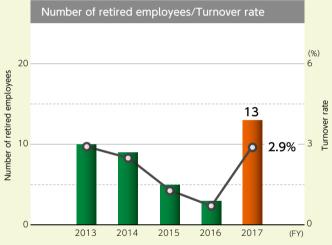








* Aggregate range: JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (non-consolidated)



* Aggregate range: JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (non-consolidated)





Ever since the foundation of ICR, we have always maintained the spirit of venture and continuously taken on bold challenges. During the FY2017 the third year of the "Mid-Term Management Plan for FY2015 to FY2019," we more vigorously geared up our HIYAKU towards "Research oriented specialty pharma with global exposure," including by working to expand our development pipeline and by advancing the creation of a clinical development base in the U.S. Looking ahead, we will continue to leverage our proprietary biotechnologies and technologies for cell therapy and regenerative medicine to operate as a specialty pharma working to create ground breaking new therapeutics that respond to unmet medical needs, particularly in the rare diseases field. In doing so, we will realize sustainable growth.

August 2018

Shin Ashida

Representative Director, Chairman, President, CEO and COO



Outline of business results in FY2017

Sales of core products grew steadily and we achieved a record performance for the fourth consecutive year.

Net sales achieved in FY2017 were 20,594 million yen (up 13.9% from the previous fiscal year). The operating income was 3,784 million yen (up 60.2% from the previous fiscal year), and the profit attributable to owners of parent was 3,070 million yen (up 64.8% from the previous fiscal year). Having achieved new record high results for both sales and profits for four consecutive terms, we have significantly propelled the company forward to HIYAKU towards JCR's desirable status, "Research oriented specialty pharma with global exposure."

This growth is attributed to our growth driver, which is the existence of our core products. The sales of GROWJECT®, the recombinant human growth hormone, continuously increased to 11,495 million yen (up 7.6% from the previous fiscal year), partly due to the contribution of a new liquid formulation of GROWJECT® launched in January 2017. The sales of both Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR, a recombinant erythropoietin product, and TEMCELL® HS Inj., a regenerative medical product, performed steadily and both products increased their revenues.

Outline of	of	consolidated	financial	results
in FY201	7			

Compared to the previous fiscal year

Net sales 20,594 million yen	↑ 13.9 _%
Operating income 3,784 million yen	↑ 60.2 _%
Profit attributable to owners of parent 3,070 million yen	↑ 64.8 _%

Return to shareholders

We will successively and stably provide dividends to shareholders.

JCR regards the distribution of our profits to our shareholders is an important management policy. In FY2017, since the both net sales and profits broke the record highs, we increased the term-end dividend by 2 yen per share from the most recent forecast and provided an annual dividend of 26 yen. As a result, the dividend payout ratio was 26.3%. As for the dividend for the FY2018, we plan to provide 26 yen, maintaining the same amount from the FY2017 to achieve successive and stable provision of the dividends to shareholders.

Advancing our research and development

We are accelerating research and development (R&D) using JCR's original technology while reinforcing our collaborative efforts with partners.

In our Mid-Term Management Plan for FY2015 to FY2019, we positioned "Advancing R&D activities one step beyond" as one focal point. We are focusing various programs for the development of biopharmaceuticals and regenerative medical products that will address unmet medical needs.

In September 2017, we applied for marketing approval of JR-051, a biosimilar of agalsidase beta, an enzyme replacement therapy for Fabry disease. JR-131, a biosimilar for the long-acting erythropoiesis-stimulating agent darbepoetin alfa, has made solid progress in Phase 3 clinical trials. We have also obtained good results in the clinical Phase 1/2 studies on the enzyme replacement therapy JR-141 for treating Hunter syndrome in patients where our proprietary blood-brain barrier technology J-Brain Cargo® has been applied. The Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare announced the designation of JR-141 under the SAKIGAKE system in March 2018, and we plan to initiate a Phase 3 clinical trial in Japan in August 2018. As part of the global development program, a Phase 2 clinical study of JR-141 in Brazil also started in June 2018.

We aim to apply J-Brain Cargo® technology to create novel therapies for 15 types of lysosomal storage disease (LSD), all of which are rare conditions. Our current development pipeline contains enzyme replacement therapies JR-162 for the treatment of Pompe disease and JR-171 for the treatment of Hurler syndrome. Besides LSDs, we are looking to use this technology in a range of central nervous system (CNS) diseases. We concluded a licensing agreement with Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. in February 2018 relating to the development of therapeutic agents using J-Brain Cargo® technology from the joint research program that we have been conducting since 2015

In the field of cell therapy and regenerative medicine, in July 2017 we announced that we had concluded a co-development and licensing agreement with Teijin Ltd. for JTR-161/JR-161, a regenerative medical product that uses dental pulp stem cells (DPCs) in the indication of acute cerebral infarction (stroke). We are preparing to initiate clinical trials by the end of March 2019.

In the growth hormone business, in July 2018 we started a Phase 3 clinical trial of JR-401X, targeting short stature patients with a SHOX (short stature homeobox containing gene) deficiency, as part of the expansion of the indication of GROWJECT®, a recombinant human growth hormone. We will continue our efforts in the development from the standpoint of patients and strive to improve the added value of the Company.

Reinforcing our capabilities and management platform

We are looking to grow corporate value from a long-term perspective through our business and capital alliance with MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION.

In September 2017, we concluded an agreement for a business and capital alliance with MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION (MEDIPAL HOLDINGS). Separately, MEDIPAL HOLDINGS agreed to acquire shares in JCR from GLAXO GROUP LIMITED, in the process becoming our largest shareholder.

Founded in 1898, MEDIPAL HOLDINGS' business tradition extends over more than a century. In April 2000, the distribution group gained scale in pursuit of growth through innovation via the merger of three pharmaceutical wholesalers. It operates in the fields of pharmaceuticals, health and beauty, with over 300 operating bases in Japan. It conducts business development in the three segments of prescription pharmaceuticals wholesaling; cosmetics, daily necessities and OTC pharmaceuticals wholesaling; and also animal



US joint venture (JCR USA, Inc.)

JCR USA, Inc. is overseeing and managing the early-stage US clinical development of enzyme replacement therapies that we are developing currently for LSDs based on the application of J-Brain Cargo® technology, notably JR-141 for the treatment of Hunter syndrome (already in clinical development in Japan). We also plan to conduct global development for other products.

health products and food processing raw materials wholesaling.

Our collaboration with MEDIPAL HOLDINGS began in July 2011 with a joint development project. We built mutual trust over the years by signing multiple development investment agreements. These efforts have helped us accelerate our R&D activities. We jointly developed an ultra-low cold chain distribution system based on liquid nitrogen to support the introduction in February 2016 of TEMCELL® HS Inj., Japan's first allogeneic regenerative medical product. This product has made a substantial contribution to the lives of many patients.

We established the joint venture JCR USA, Inc. in January 2018 as a global development base. In June 2018, Mr. Toshihide Yoda, a Managing Director of MEDIPAL HOLDINGS, was appointed as an Outside Director of JCR. We will continue to target further growth in the corporate value of both companies from a long-term perspective by aiming to make effective use of our respective strengths for sustained business development.

Promoting CSR activities

We fulfill our social responsibility toward the achievement of sustainable growth.

JCR proactively promotes CSR activities under its corporate philosophy, "Contributing towards people's healthcare through pharmaceutical products" as a reliable pharmaceutical company which contributes to society. We do this through four frameworks: "work environment," "environment," "society," and "rare diseases," the pillars of our CSR activities.

In 2016, we began the "RARE DISEASE Project" as an internal cross-divisional educational initiative to deepen understanding of rare diseases based on the collection and dissemination of relevant information. This project involves collaborating with and assisting patient groups and various organizations that support patients with rare conditions. Going forward, in addition to R&D into drug treatments for rare diseases. JCR will continue to promote a range of initiatives to help provide support to such patients.





Directors

Shin Ashida

Representative Director Chairman, President, CEO and COO

1975 Appointed Representative Director (current post) at the establishment of JCR Pharmaceuticals

Appointed President and Director 2005 Appointed Chairman and Director (current post)

Appointed Chief Executive Officer (CEO) (current post)

2007 Appointed President and Director (current Appointed Chief Operating Officer (COO)

(current post)

2015 Appointed Representative Director and President of JCR INTERNATIONAL SA (current post)

Hiroshi Yoshimoto

Representative Director Senior Vice President Head of Production Division (Executive Director, Production Division)

1972 Entered Taito Pfizer Co., Ltd. (currently Pfizer Japan Inc.)

Plant Manager, Basic Production Plant Nagoya Plant of the same

2003 Executive Officer, Pharmaceutical Bulk Manufacturing, Nagoya Plant of the same

Entered JCR Pharmaceuticals General Manager, Production Division (current

. Appointed Corporate Officer

2012 Appointed Director

2014 Appointed Managing Director

2016 Appointed Senior Vice President (current post)
2018 Appointed Representative Director (current post)

Yuji Sato, M.D., Ph.D.

Vice President

Head of Research and Development (Executive Director, Development Division)

2003 Entered Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (currently, MSD K.K., Japan) Director, Clinical Development Institute of the same

Director, CNS Development of the same

Professor, Center for Clinical Research of Keio University School of Medicine

Director, Center for Clinical Research of the same

Entered Sanofi K.K., Japan Corporate Officer and Head of Japan of Research and Development of the same

Entered JCR Pharmaceuticals Appointed Corporate Officer

General Manager, Development Division (current post) Head of Research and Development (Executive Director, Development Division) (current post) Appointed Vice President (current post)

Mamoru Morita

Director

Head of Sales Division and Administration Division

1990 Entered JCR Pharmaceuticals

Sales Manager, West Japan Sales Dept, Sales Division and Manager, Kyushu Area General Manager, Sales Division Appointed Corporate Officer 2006

2016 Head of Sales

Appointed Director (current post)

Head of Sales Division and Administration Division (current post)

Toru Ashida

Head of Quality Assurance Division, Corporate Planning Division, Medical Affairs Department and Office of the President

1992 Entered Nippon Life Insurance Company

2006 Appointed Representative Director and President at the establishment of JBS Co., Ltd. 2014 Entered JCR Pharmaceuticals

Appointed Corporate Officer

General Manager, Corporate Business Support Division and Director, Corporate Strategy Department

2016 General Manager, Office of the President (current post)

Head of Quality Assurance Division, Corporate Planning Division, Medical Affairs Department and Office of the President (current post) Appointed Director (current post)

Outside Director

Toshihiro Ishikiriyama Outside Director

Outside Director

General Manager, Corporate Planning, Hoechst Marion

Roussel Inc. (currently Sanofi K.K.) Entered GlaxoSmithKline K.K. 2002 Director and General Manager, Corporate Planning of the same

2005 Director, General Manager, Financial Affairs and Head of Business Development of the same

2008 Managing Director of the same

2012 Managing Director and General Manager Vaccine Business Promotion Division of the same Chairman and Representative Director Japan Vaccine Co., Ltd.

2014 President and Representative Director of the same 2015 Appointed Director, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

2016 President's Assistant, MEDINET Co., Ltd. (current post)

2018 Auditor, GlaxoSmithKline K.K. (current post)

Toshihide Yoda

Outside Director

1985 Entered Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru Securities 1989 Entered UBS Securities Japan Co., Ltd.

Entered ING Bearing Securities 1996 2000 Entered Lehman Brothers Securities

Entered Barclays Capital Securities Japan Limited Managing Director of the same

2010 Director, MEDIPAL HOLDING CORPORATION

2012 Director and Managing Director of the same (current post) In charge of IR and General Manager of Business Development Department CMA® (current post)

2016 Director, SPLine Corporation (current post) Director, MEDIE Co., Ltd. (current post)
Director, MEDICEO CORPORATION (current post)

Director, JCR USA, Inc. (current post) Senior Managing Director, MEDIPAL HOLDING CORPORATION (current post)

Appointed Director, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

Takashi Suetsuna

1974 Entered the National Police Agency

Chief, Kochi Prefectural Police Headquarters 1994

Director, Finance Division, Commissioner-General's Secretariat, National Police Agency

Chief Inspector General Commissioner-General's Secretariat, 2001 National Police Agency

Chief, Kanagawa Prefectural Police Headquarters 2002

Deputy Superintendent General, National Police Agency

Grand Chamberlain to the Crown Prince at the Imperial Household

2009 Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Retired from the above office 2012

2013 Outside Auditor, Marubeni Corporation

Outside Director, Totetsu Kogyo Co., Ltd. (current post)
Outside Auditor, Kandenko Co., Ltd. (current post) 2015

2016 Outside Auditor, Keikyu Corporation (current post) Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member JCR Pharmaceuticals

Appointed Director, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

Outside Auditor, Aioi Nissay Dowa Insurance Co., Ltd. (current post)

Yuko Hayashi, Ph.D.

Outside Director

1988 Entered IBM Japan Ltd.

Visiting Researcher, Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology of The University of Tokyo

Lecturer, Graduate School of Innovation and Technology Management of Yamaguchi University

Visiting Researcher, National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies Associate Professor, Graduate School of Innovation and Technology Management of the same

2015 Professor, Graduate School of Innovation and Technology Management of the same (current post)

Visiting Researcher, Graduate School of Frontier Sciences of The University of Tokyo (current post) Appointed Director, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

Corporate Officers

Akihiro Haguchi

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Administration Division

Takayo Egawa

Corporate Officer Director,

Overseas Business Promotion

Tohru Hirato, D.V.M

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Research Division

Yoshihiko Ohnishi

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Sales Division

Yutaka Honda

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Corporate Planning Division

Hiroyuki Sonoda, Ph.D.

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Research Planning Division

Atsuko Sato

Corporate Officer Executive Director, Quality Assurance Division



Message



Takashi Suetsuna
Outside Director

In the past few years, the boards of directors and related bodies of publicly listed companies on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange have undergone a dramatic transformation in character. Notably, the adoption of Japan's Corporate Governance Code in 2015 has reshaped the workings of corporate management. Consequently, boards of directors have become much more transparent and have embraced a much stronger sense of urgency based on a greater awareness of stakeholders.

Two years ago, I joined the fast-growing research-oriented specialty pharma that is JCR as an Outside Director. In the past two years alone, JCR's management has boldly undertaken several proactive initiatives, including the development of new products leveraging proprietary technologies such as JR-141, the strengthening of the management platform through a business alliance with MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION, overseas business expansion through the establishment of JCR USA, Inc. and related actions, and the promotion of globalization measures. As a result, JCR has achieved remarkable development and growth, and JCR's corporate value, as measured by its share price and market capitalization, has nearly doubled.

That said, I believe that JCR will enter its most crucial and challenging period in the next few years. Under the leadership of Mr. Ashida, the Chairman of JCR, the most urgent issues are to strengthen the business management system to enable faster decision-making by "Team JCR" as a whole, and to secure and nurture multi-talented human resources who will drive further growth in research and development in the years to come. I feel delighted and satisfied to be able to work together with the employees of JCR, a company filled with bright prospects for the future. I would like to continue striving together with JCR's employees to advance the company to a new stage of growth.

Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Kenjiro Miyatake

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

- 1981 Director, Dainippon Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (currently Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd.)
- 1999 Representative Director and President of the same
- 2005 Representative Director and President, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma
- 2008 Representative Director and Chairman of the same
- 2011 Outside Director, Japan Wool Textile Co., Ltd. Advisor, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma
- 2013 Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)
- 2015 Chairman of the Board, Kobe Pharmaceutical University (current post)

Kazumasa Oizumi

Full-time Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

- 1992 Utsunomiya Branch Manager, Nippon Life Insurance Company
- 1997 Nihonbashi Branch Manager of the same
- 2001 No. 4 General Manager, Tokyo Metropolitan Area Agency of the same
- 2002 Full-time Auditor, SOHGO SECURITY SERVICES CO., LTD.
- 2009 Corporate Officer of the same
- 2013 Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

Kazuhiko Yamada

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

- 1996 Head of Wadayama Tax Office
- 1999 Corporate Tax Section Chief, No. 2 Taxation Department, Osaka Regional Taxation Bureau
- 2001 East Taxation Department Chief
- 2002 Head of Kazuhiko Yamada Tax Accountant Office (current post)
- 2006 Appointed Temporary Corporate Auditor, JCR Pharmaceuticals Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member,
- JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

 2016 Outside Director, CREATE CORPORATION
- 2016 Outside Director, CREATE CORPORATIOI (current post)

Takeshi Komura

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

- 1963 Entered Ministry of Finance
- 1993 Deputy Vice Minister of Finance
- 1995 Director-General of the Budget Bureau
- 1997 Administrative Vice Minister of Finance
- 2001 Governor, Development Bank of Japan Inc.
- 2012 Outside Director, Maezawa Industries, Inc. (current post)
- 2014 President, Capital Market Promotion Foundation, Public Interest Incorporated Foundation (current post)
- 2017 Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)

Shuichi Tani, M.D., M.P.H.

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

- 1964 Entered Ichihara Public Health Center, Chiba Prefecture
- 1969 Entered Ministry of Health and Welfare
- 1988 Director, Health Science Division, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Health and Welfare
- 1990 Minister's Secretariat Councilor (Science and Technology), Ministry of Health and Welfare
- 1992 Director-General of Health Service Bureau
- 1995 Director-General of Health Policy Bureau
- 1998 Vice Chairman, All Japan Federation of Social Insurance Associations
- 2001 President, International University of Health and Welfare
- 2009 President Emeritus, International University of Health and Welfare (current post)
- 2017 Appointed Audit & Supervisory Board Member, JCR Pharmaceuticals (current post)



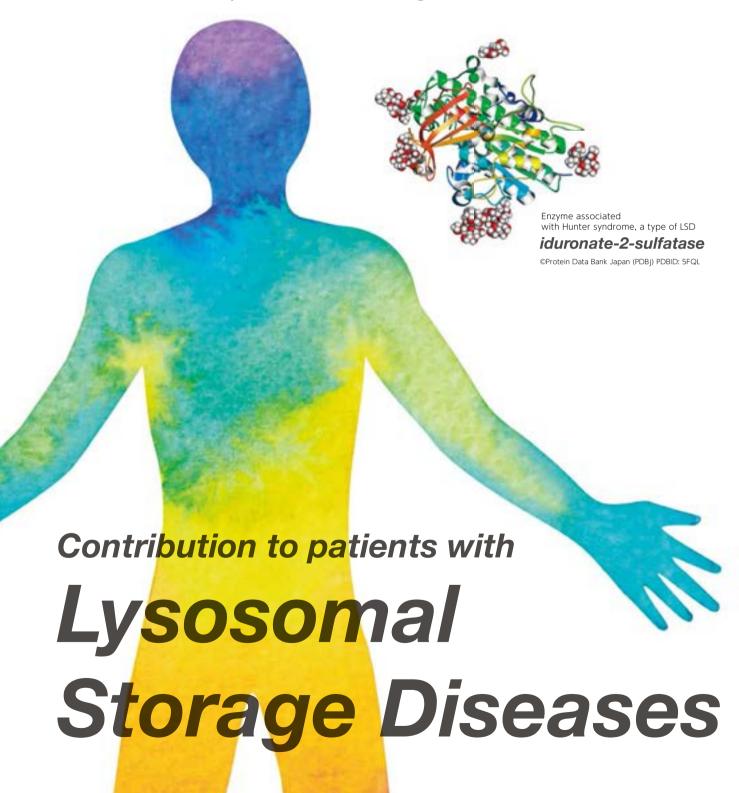
Toshihide Yoda

Outside Director

At MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION, where I serve as a Director, I have the opportunity to receive opinions from many different angles from the Outside Directors during discussions in the Board of Directors. In particular, the Outside Directors sometimes point out risks in the new businesses that I am responsible for. On other occasions, they often provide advice on strengthening business models. Sometimes, resolutions are put on hold based on opinions received from the Outside Directors. From the perspective of ensuring a management structure that facilitates rapid decision-making, there will inevitably be situations when decision-making must be slowed down. However, I'm convinced that the process of incorporating the opinions of Outside Directors into management decisions leads to stronger corporate governance, and a wide range of opinions serves to strengthen business models.

Strong leadership by top management is undoubtedly essential to rapid decision-making. However, I believe that we can increase the potential of projects by embracing the diverse views of Outside Directors, and that this will ultimately lead to an increase in corporate value. In my view, the role of Outside Directors is not just to apply the brakes on projects, so to speak, but to judge how far to push down the accelerator. By keeping this in mind, I believe that Outside Directors can both enhance the quality of projects and facilitate rapid decision-making. As an Outside Director of JCR, I will constantly endeavor to increase its corporate value.

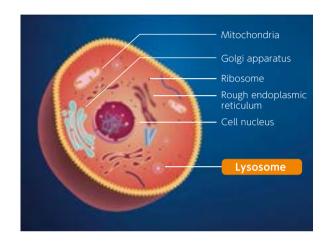
JCR is aiming to improve the central nervous system (CNS) symptoms of lysosomal storage diseases (LSDs) using the groundbreaking world-first drug delivery system J-Brain Cargo[®], to address the challenges conventional therapies have been failing to solve.



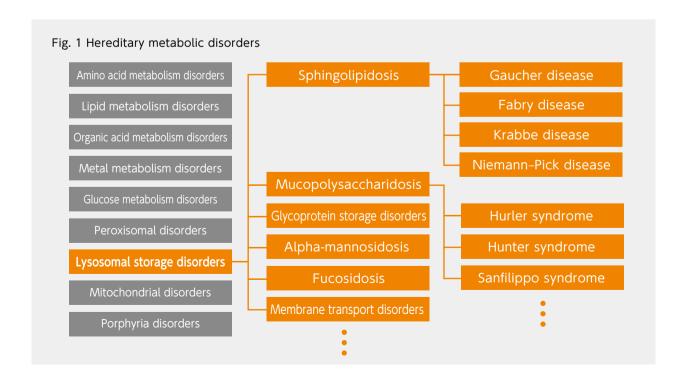
Lysosomal Storage Diseases (LSDs)

LSDs are a group of rare inherited disorders caused by the accumulation of metabolic wastes which fail to dissolve. It is designated by MHLW as an intractable disease as well as a specific pediatric chronic disease.

LSDs belong to hereditary metabolic disorders, along with other disorders related to amino acid or organic acid metabolisms (Fig. 1). One of the many organelles within a cell, a lysosome is a small vesicle, bound to the cell membrane, containing large quantities of hydrolase enzymes in an acidic environment. A lack of, or a mutation in, a gene coding for a hydrolase enzyme or a related membrane transporter protein, results in an LSD. The substrates that cannot be dissolved accumulate in the lysosomes, damaging the cell and its surrounding tissues. Since specific enzymes have evolved to metabolize different sugars and fats, the precise form of the LSD and its symptoms vary depending on the affected enzymes and the accumulating substrates. Over 50 LSD types are classified according to the substrates, including lipidosis, mucopolysaccharidosis, and glycogen storage disease. Symptoms vary, including problems with the heart or kidneys, bone deformation, and respiratory



disorders. Nearly all reported LSDs also involve CNS symptoms. Worldwide, there are some 10,000 LSD patients in total. In Japan, patient numbers per LSD vary from a few to several hundred.



Therapeutic Approaches to Lysosomal Storage Diseases (LSDs)

Enzyme replacement therapy can supplement the enzymal shortages that cause an LSD, but there is still no effective therapy for the associated central nervous system (CNS) symptoms.

Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT)

This approach involves providing the patient with an external replacement of the relevant enzyme with a deficiency that causes an LSD. The recombinant form of the lysosomal enzyme is administered intravenously and taken up into cells through the mannose-6-phosphate (M6P) receptor before localization in the lysosome (Fig. 2). ERT is now a recognized approach for many LSDs, notably Gaucher disease, Fabry disease, Pompe disease, and mucopolysaccharidosis. It is the usual treatment option since the risks are low compared with bone marrow transplantation. However, ERT is ineffective in treating the CNS symptoms because the enzyme cannot cross the blood-brain barrier.

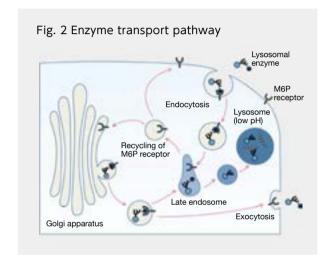
Bone Marrow Transplantation

Bone marrow transplantation is mainly used in mucopolysaccharidosis, a disease for which it is as effective as ERT. Despite its advantage being that it needs only be performed once in a lifetime, there is a risk of graft failure or potentially life-threatening complications. In addition, the need to find an HLA-compatible donor limits it as a therapeutic option.

Substrate Reduction Therapy (SRT)

This approach reduces the amount of substrate accumulation by inhibiting its synthetic pathway. SRT has been approved for Gaucher disease and Niemann–Pick disease Type C.





Chemical Chaperone Therapy

Patients with certain mutations may have structurally unstable enzymes, resulting in their degradation prior to their transportation into the lysosome. In this approach, a small molecule is used to chaperone the unstable enzyme in the cell by structural stabilization, thus boosting the proportion of the enzyme transported into lysosomes to enhance substrate decomposition.

Gene Therapy

Currently, there are no established gene therapies for LSDs. Clinical trials have examined the use of adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors for delivering DNA to brain cells in the patients with mucopolysaccharidosis, while gene therapy has also been studied in long-term lysosomal enzyme expression in the liver. In theory, gene therapy should have a long-term effect merely in a single treatment. It has attracted attention as a potential therapeutic option for LSDs, since in most cases the hereditary abnormalities involve a single genetic mutation.

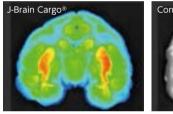
Potential of J-Brain Cargo® (Blood-Brain Barrier Penetration Technology)

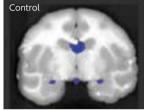
JCR is developing new therapeutic approaches based on its proprietary technology for delivering enzymes across the structural barrier protecting the brain.

The brain has a highly complex structural barrier called the "blood-brain barrier" (BBB). This is formed by intercellular connections (tight junctions) that selectively limit the passage of substances from the blood into the brain. The BBB not only prevents the passage of harmful substances into the brain, but it also prevents therapeutic compounds, such as lysosomal enzymes, from crossing the BBB. For this reason, currently available ERT has no effect on the CNS. J-Brain Cargo® is our platform technology that enables the delivery of substances, administered intravenously, to cross the BBB through certain receptors expressed on the surface of capillary endothelial cells of the brain (Fig. 3). It is potentially applicable to a wide range of compounds, from small molecules to proteins such as enzymes or antibodies. By

using JCR's BBB-penetrating technology J-Brain Cargo®, JCR aims to provide new therapeutic drugs to ameliorate CNS symptoms seen in the 15 types of LSD, all of which are rare diseases.

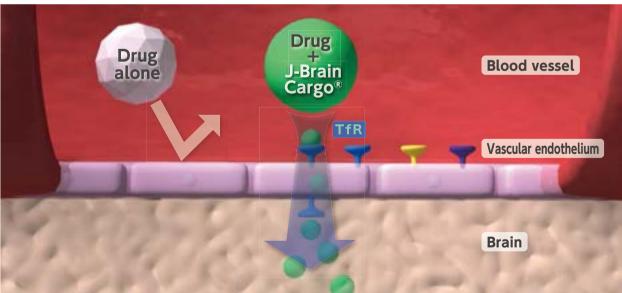
Study in monkeys (cross-sectional brain IVIS imaging analysis)





Images clearly show that J-Brain Cargo® delivers medicine into the brain in contrast to control.

Fig. 3 Mechanism for J-Brain Cargo®



Various types of antibody-based, tissue-targeting technology have been under development to adapt to multiple receptors

Can be applied to a variety of substances, from small molecules to large ones including enzymes and antibodies

Drugs can effectively be transported not only across BBB, but also into skeletal muscles

ESEARCH EVELOPMENT



Swift and smooth global research and development of J-Brain Cargo[®].

The researchers at JCR with innovative ideas have contributed to groundbreaking technologies including the proprietary blood-brain barrier penetration technology J-Brain Cargo®. In March 2018, JR-141, our therapeutic enzyme for Hunter syndrome to which J-Brain Cargo® has been applied, was designated by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare as a first-in-class innovation in Japan, under the SAKIGAKE (medical pioneers) system. The Phase I/II clinical trial conducted in Japan has demonstrated its positive effects on the central nervous system (CNS) symptoms, leading to preparations for a Phase III clinical trial in Japan. A Phase II clinical trial of JR-141 in Brazil also started in June 2018 as a part of the global development program.

In the field of cell therapy, a new pillar for JCR's enterprise, we are making progress toward an expanded indication of epidermolysis bullosa for TEMCELL® HS Inj. Further potential indications in pediatric and neonatal patients are also under consideration.

Research and Development (R&D) Organization

JCR is committed to developing new drugs based on its proprietary technology, focusing on the rare or intractable diseases as well as pediatric and neonatal conditions. As these drugs can contribute significantly to the society and the patients at large, we will continue to focus on lysosomal storage disease (LSD) enzymes, to which J-Brain Cargo® technology can be applied, as well as regenerative medical products by applying TEMCELL® HS Inj. and Human Dental Pulp Stem Cells (DPCs) technology. Following the positive results from the Phase I/II clinical trials with JR-141 that demonstrated the effects of J-Brain Cargo® in penetrating the blood-brain barrier, we are conducting research into recombinant enzyme delivery using J-Brain Cargo® technology to address CNS symptoms in 15 types of LSD. We are fortifying our R&D organization in order to implement global development of multiple compounds simultaneously.

In April 2018, as part of reinforcing our R&D organization, the Research Planning Division has been newly separated from the Research Division to expedite decision-making and research conduct. Under the direct command of the President, the new division will guide our efforts to create new platform technologies to

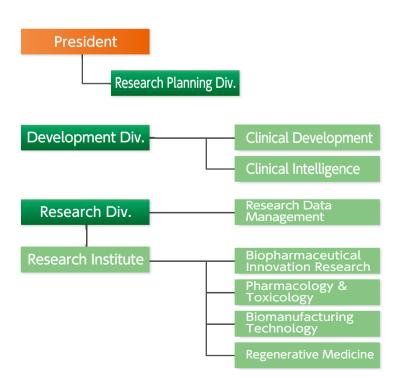


Research Institute (Kobe, Hyogo)

maximize the potential of J-Brain Cargo®. We have also increased the headcount in the Bioprocess Development Group to facilitate the evaluation of manufacturing processes for multiple sets of drug production for clinical trials. Moreover, we have decided to construct the Second Clinical Trial Material Manufacturing Center to ensure prompt supply of test drugs.

The Development Division is recruiting qualified professionals for the global development of enzyme therapies for LSDs in Brazil and the United States. By delegating authority to improve efficiency and allowing individuals more accountability for their projects, we aim to achieve an organizational milieu that enables simultaneous development of multiple compounds.

By strengthening the R&D organization as listed above, we will be promoting steady yet swift global R&D, while ensuring the internal capabilities in the development of all necessary production technology from early-stage research to GMP-compliant pharmaceutical manufacturing.



Message



One of my major responsibilities is the development of the cultivation processes for biopharmaceutical manufacturing. More specifically, we develop high-grade, high-yield cultivation processes that are scalable up to 2,000 L, while establishing the management criteria for all the process control parameters. At the moment, the Research Institute has multiple compounds in development, and we are all striving as "Team JCR" in order to achieve their early approvals. Given the time-consuming nature of the cultivation process, any mistake can affect the overall development schedule. Caution and speed are our watchwords; we check for possible mistakes mutually within the group. This is my second year at JCR. We are making steady progress toward submitting and gaining approval for our products, and I am motivated to contribute to that progress on a daily

Takuya Miura Biomanufacturing Technology, Research Division

Research and Development

R&D Pipeline

We submitted in September 2017 for marketing approval of JR-051, a biosimilar of Fabrazyme (agalsidase beta), a therapeutic enzyme for Fabry disease. Regulatory approval is expected within 2018. This product is important as our first medicinal product for lysosomal storage disease (LSD), a new therapeutic area for JCR.

For our blood-brain barrier-penetrating therapeutic enzyme for Hunter syndrome JR-141, a clinical Phase I/II trial has been successfully completed, to be followed by a Phase III trial now in preparation. Within our global development program, working with JCR USA, Inc., our US-based subsidiary established in January 2018, we plan to discuss with the regulatory authorities in the United States and Europe based on the Japanese trial data and the coming results of a Phase II dose-finding trial that has started in Brazil in June 2018. Collaborations with patient advocacy groups and specialist physicians in Japan and abroad are essential in

enabling the global development of this product amid high expectations. We are also preparing for global development programs (including Brazil) with our two other therapeutic enzymes utilizing the J-Brain Cargo® technology, namely JR-162 for Pompe disease and JR-171 for Hurler syndrome.

Another product to which our biopharmaceutical R&D technology has been applied is JR-131, a biosimilar for Nesp (darbepoetin alfa). Its development is progressing well, with a Phase III clinical trial demonstrating bioequivalence with the original drug. We expect to submit its approval application in Japan in September 2018.

In our core business, human growth hormones, we have started application of a long-acting protein technology to the development of JR-142, a long-acting recombinant human growth hormone product, since 2015. Its dose-finding relationships and other aspects have been examined to accelerate the initiation of

Lysosomal storage disease (LSD)

Other biopharmaceuticals

Development pipeline and progress

(As of August 2018) Regenerative medical product Code Nonproprietary Name Indication Clinical trials Remarks Preclinical Filed Approved Region Enzyme Replacement Fabry disease Alpha-galactosidase A JR-051 Therapy (ERT) Japan (rDNA origin) (LSD) **Biosimilar**

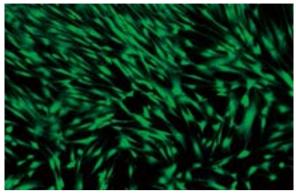
JR-141	BBB-penetrating Iduronate-2-sulfatase	Hunter syndrome (LSD)	Japan	Phase III	ERT J-Brain Cargo®*1
3 K 141	(rDNA origin)		Brazil	Phase II	
JR-032	Iduronate-2-sulfatase (rDNA origin)	Hunter syndrome (LSD)	Japan	Clinical trials in preparation	ERT Biosimilar
JR-101	Glucocerebrosidase (rDNA origin)	Gaucher disease (LSD)	Japan	Clinical trials in preparation	ERT J-GlycoM®*2 Biosimilar
JR-162	J-Brain Cargo® applied acid alpha-glucosidase (rDNA origin)	Pompe disease (LSD)	Japan	Preclinical	ERT J-Brain Cargo® J-MIG System®
JR-171	BBB-penetrating acid alpha-L Iduronidase (rDNA origin)	Hurler syndrome (LSD)	Japan	Preclinical	ERT J-Brain Cargo®
JR-131	Darbepoetin (rDNA origin)	Renal anemia	Japan	Filed in preparation	Co-developed with Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Biosimilar
JR-401X	Somatropin (rDNA origin)	SHOX deficiency	Japan	Phase III	Expanded Indication of GROWJECT®
JR-041	Follicle stimulating hormone (rDNA origin)	Infertility	Japan	Phase I/II	Out-licensed to ASKA Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
JR-142	Long-acting growth hormone (rDNA origin)	Growth disorders	Japan	Preclinical	Long-acting human growth hormone product J-MIG System®*3
JTR-161/ JR-161	Dental pulp stem cells	Acute cerebral infarction	Japan	Phase I/II in preparation	Co-developed with Teijin Ltd.

^{*1} Blood-brain barrier penetration technology *2 Glycoengineering technology *3 CHO cell high-level expression technology

clinical development. We have also started a Phase III clinical trial with JR-401X to expand the indication for GROWJECT® as a treatment for short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency.

Successfully developed and launched by JCR as the first allogeneic regenerative medical product in Japan, TEMCELL® HS Inj. is now being established as an important therapeutic for steroid-refractory acute graft-versus-host disease (GVHD). As a pioneer in cell therapy and regenerative medicine, we are advancing development in this field as an additional focus therapeutic area in addition to the recombinant DNA products. TEMCELL® HS Inj., the stem cells derived from bone marrow, demonstrates diverse pharmacological effects. We are exploring these characteristics to seek for new indications in the JCR's target therapeutic areas of rare diseases as well as pediatric and neonatal conditions. Following positive results from an investigator-initiated trial in epidermolysis bullosa, a rare but serious disease, we will prepare NDA submission to expand indication.

To succeed TEMCELL® HS Inj. in cell therapy and regenerative medicine, we are developing human dental



Human dental pulp stem cells (DPCs)

pulp stem cells (DPCs) as a new product. An agreement for co-development and licensing has been announced in July 2017 with Teijin Ltd. for JTR-161/JR-161, a regenerative medical product for an indication of acute cerebral infarction (stroke). We are preparing to initiate its clinical trial by the end of March 2019.



Application of Our Core Technologies to Various Therapeutic Fields

Recombinant DNA Products

Human Growth Hormone Business

JR-142

GROWJECT®

Long-acting human growth hormone product

ESA*4 Business

Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR

JR-131

Darbepoetin biosimilar

Rare Diseases

JR-051 Fabry disease therapeutic product

JR-141 Hunter syndrome therapeutic product

JR-162 Pompe disease therapeutic product

JR-171 Hurler syndrome therapeutic product

Other lysosomal storage disease therapeutic products (at research stage)

*4 ESA: Erythropoiesis-stimulating agent

Regenerative Medical Products

TEMCELL® HS Inj. Epidermolysis bullosa*5 (expanded indication)

Dental Pulp Stem Cells

JTR-161/JR-161

Acute cerebral infarction

*5 Investigator-initiated trial by Osaka University Hospital is ongoing

Partnering

J-Brain Cargo® has potentials to generate new therapeutic products for not only LSDs but for a wide range of diseases. At present, we are promoting research collaborations with multiple partner companies including Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd. and Eisai Co., Ltd. in the development of therapeutics for the treatment of CNS disorders. Furthermore, we are collaborating on the development of new types of J-Brain Cargo® using the macrocyclic peptides with PeptiDream Inc. In January 2018, a license agreement was signed between Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd and JCR, so that the former can select several candidate compounds, with J-Brain Cargo® being applied thereto, for the two companies to share rights.

JCR will promote collaborations with partner companies in terms of both licensing for the development and sales of new LSD therapeutic enzymes including JR-141, and licensing for the platform technology of J-Brain Cargo®. This will help JCR further proceed its swift overseas expansion.









JCR's Platform Technologies

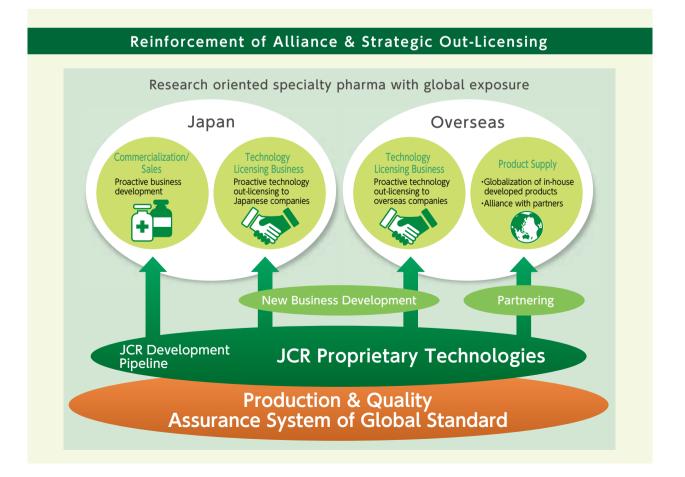
J-Brain Cargo®

JCR's proprietary BBB penetration technology J-Brain Cargo® enables the delivery of intravenously administered drugs across the structural barrier protecting the brain. Please see page 25 for more details.

J-mAb System®

In general, it is challenging to produce high-affinity antibodies to membrane proteins, especially polytopic proteins and subunit composition types. Many antibodies produced by conventional methods have issues, e.g. inability to fully recognize membrane proteins of native structure expressed on the cell membrane.

JCR has established J-mAb System®, which enables the production of antibodies with a significantly high affinity and specificity to the membrane protein antigens with weak immunogenicity. This is thanks to our J-MIG System®, a high-level protein expression technology, as well as to an optimized immune protocol and our proprietary high-throughput antibody screening technology. Anti-transferrin receptor antibodies used for J-Brain Cargo® were developed using this J-mAb System®.



J-MIG System®

J-MIG System® is a technology enabling an efficient expression of recombinant DNA proteins by preferentially and intensively amplifying a target gene transfected into CHO cells. JCR established this high-level protein expression technology in the course of developing several recombinant pharmaceuticals using CHO cells as a host cell line. A novel expression vector system has been created by combining a target gene and GS gene in addition to a drug resistance gene with a modified internal ribosome entry site (modified-IRES), and is capable of high drug selection at a level that does not kill cells along with preferential amplification of the transfected GS gene.

We were awarded with the first prize for this technology at the IBC's 10th Annual Cell Line Development & Engineering event held in the United States in September 2014.

J-GlycoM®/J-GlycoS®

Many secretory proteins are glycoproteins, constituent amino acids of which are bound to "sugar chains" that play an essential role in various functions in vivo. JCR developed J-GlycoM® and J-GlycoS®, as glycoengineering technologies to obtain targeted sugar chain structures.

J-GlycoM® is a technology to express the glycoproteins with high mannose-type sugar chains by transfecting into CHO cells the insect-origin chain trimming enzymes. This technology can target reticuloendothelial systems, such as macrophages, and lead to an application of J-GlycoM® for glucocerebrosidase, a therapeutic enzyme for Gaucher disease.

J-GlycoS® is a technology to enable an expression of highly sialylated glycoproteins in serum-free cultivation by adding, as medium components, multiple biological substances related to hexosamine biosynthesis and sialylation.

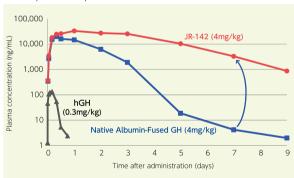
Long-Acting Protein Technology with Modified Albumin

This technology improves the effect of biopharmaceuticals by extending their circulatory half-life. It utilizes neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn)-mediated recycling, a mechanism involved in the suppression of the degradation of immunoglobulin G (IgG), and fuses albumin to a target biopharmaceutical so that its circulatory half-life can be extended.

JCR has developed a special type of modified albumin and confirmed that a biopharmaceutical fused to this albumin showed a circulatory half-life significantly longer than the one fused to wild-type albumin. We applied this technology to growth hormones, our core product. The resultant growth hormone, JR-142, demonstrated a significantly longer circulatory half-life compared with the growth hormone fused to wild-type albumin. JR-142 at a low dose showed an effect comparable to the conventional growth hormone administered daily.

We will explore to maximize advantages of this technology by applying it both through the in-house pipeline products and out-licensing.

Long-Acting Human Growth Hormone Product (JR-142) PK study in monkeys





RODUCTION YSTEM



Our mission is the stable supply of high-quality pharmaceuticals.

JCR handles a wide range of products including urine-derived drug substances, biopharmaceuticals, and regenerative medical products. In addition to existing products, we continue the development of new products with cutting-edge technologies, backed by our production/quality assurance system.

Our Activities for the Production System

Our quality policy is "provision of high-quality products worldwide to fulfill our mission in contributing to people's health." Quality is the top priority in each phase of development, manufacturing and delivery of products. JCR currently has four production sites, Seishin Plant, Kobe Plant, Murotani Plant and Kobe API Plant, all located in Nishi-ku, Kobe. These sites carry out the full-fledged manufacturing of pharmaceuticals from drug substances to finished products. We perform manufacturing under the appropriate manufacturing and quality control in compliance with applicable laws and regulations including Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) and Good Gene, Cellular, and Tissue-based Products Manufacturing Practice (GCTP).

For drug substance manufacturing, we utilize cutting-edge technologies including single-use technology (use of disposable culture vessels or single-use bioreactors, etc.). Single-use technology eliminates significant amounts of cleaning between product change-over and enables the efficient production of many different small volume drug substances. Our unique production platform incorporates completely Serum-Free Cultivation Technology focused in the non-use of animal origin components.

The commercial production of TEMCELL® HS Inj., an allogeneic regenerative medical product, was launched in 2016, and conducted under newly enacted GCTP.

We are committed to maintaining and improving our production systems with advanced technologies and information to ensure stable and timely supply of high-quality and useful pharmaceuticals.

Production Sites



Seishin Plant

(urine-derived drug substances, a regenerative medical product, medical devices)

Urokinase, Ulinastatin and Leukoprol®, drug substances derived from urine, are manufactured by concentrating

and purifying crude raw materials imported from our subsidiary in China. The purification technology cultivated in Seishin Plant is the foundation of JCR.

TEMCELL® HS Inj., a regenerative medical product, is manufactured by isolating and expanding human mesenchymal cells (MSCs) through strictly aseptic operations. Seishin Plant conducts testings and the packaging of medical devices, Twin-Jector® EZ II, a needle-free injector, for GROWJECT® and Babysense™, a respiratory monitor marketed by our subsidiary.



Kobe Plant (finished products)

Pharmaceuticals marketed by JCR (GROWJECT®, Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR, etc.) are formulated, fill-finished and final packaged in Kobe Plant. Kobe Plant has two buildings on the same premise,

where products in vials, lyophilized products and pre-filled syringe products are manufactured. Lyophilized products are manufactured in vials and also in double-chamber cartridges that house a lyophilized active ingredient and a solvent in separate chambers of the cartridge.



Murotani Plant

(active pharmaceutical ingredient)

In this plant, CHO cells developed by JCR are cultured under serum-free conditions to manufacture the active pharmaceutical ingredient (API)

or drug substance of erythropoietin utilizing high-level protein purifying technology. Murotani Plant is JCR's first plant that manufactures API for biopharmaceuticals. Since Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR sales are progressing steadily, we installed additional bioreactors in 2015 to scale up production for the stable supply of the product.



Kobe API Plant (active pharmaceutical

ingredients)

This plant, established in June 2013, was designed in preparation for the global development of JCR products. It is a cutting-edge plant equipped

with a global standard manufacturing/quality assurance system and single-use equipment (single-use bioreactors). In this plant, we manufacture investigational products under development including JR-051 (a therapeutic enzyme product for Fabry disease), JR-131 (darbepoetin alfa), and JR-141 (blood-brain barrier penetrating therapeutic enzyme product for Hunter syndrome). The commercial production of these products in Kobe API Plant is planned in the future.

Message



One of the special characteristics of our production of TEMCELL® HS Inj. is that almost every step of the manufacturing progress is carried out by hand. Because of this, we keep two points in mind as we go about our daily manufacturing operations:

1) Mutual understanding: Since upward of five people may be moving around the manufacturing room for certain processes, it is important to have good mutual understanding. To prevent errors due to manual work and improve operation efficiency, workers share their thinking and understanding with one another

2) Process order: To minimize human error, it is important to observe the process order. We therefore always need to be conscious of working in the correct order and to think of systems to prevent errors. At the same time, we strive to increase productivity by eliminating unnecessary work.

In JCR's free corporate culture, everyone can speak their mind without restraint. All the employees provide opinions every day about how to increase the quality of our manufacturing

Erika Hosokawa

Cellular Medicine Section, Seishin Plant, Production Division

ARKETING



Enhancing the marketing system and product strategy for our core products.

We will further enhance our marketing system for the promotion of the proper use of medical products and the marketing of core products. We will also continue to provide and collect information to support good relationships between patients and medical professionals, while coping with shifting economic trends in the medical field.

Marketing Activities at Eight Business Bases across Japan

JCR's marketing organization consists of approximately 80 medical representatives deployed at eight business bases across Japan. The marketing of GROWJECT® is conducted by four business units covering thirteen areas. We formulate marketing strategies tailored to each area, provide information that satisfies the needs of local medical professionals, and establish the presence of JCR in each area. As a basis for the sustained growth of our company, we will enhance our activities to provide information and prepare for the launch of medical products with new formulations or new indications and also new injectors to further improve QOL (Quality of Life) Sapporo of patients. For Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR, marketing efforts in the field of dialysis are reinforced and promoted primarily by the ESA Business Support Department. For TEMCELL® HS Inj., activities to provide information on Headquarters/ Offices its proper use are carried out by the Cell Regeneration Medical Sales Department. Okayama Takamatsu East Japan Sales Tokyo Metropolitan Area Sales Central Japan Sales West Japan Sales **ESA Business Support** Sales Div. Cell Regeneration Medical Sales **Logistics Management** Sales Operations Administration

Marketing

TEMCELL® HS Inj.

World's first

Human somatic stem cell-processed products Human (allogenic) bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells



TEMCELL® HS Inj. is a regenerative medical product using human mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) for the treatment of acute graft-versus-host disease (GVHD)*, a severe complication arising from hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. We obtained manufacturing and marketing approval for TEMCELL® HS Inj. in September 2015, and launched sales of this product, the world's first of its kind, in February 2016. TEMCELL® HS Inj. is an innovative product manufactured by isolating and expanding mesenchymal stem cells derived from the bone marrow aspirate of a healthy adult donor. It utilizes the function of mesenchymal stem cells for the treatment of acute GVHD.

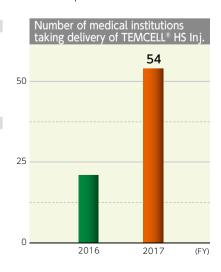
There are high expectations for TEMCELL® HS Inj. as a new therapeutic product for steroid-refractory acute GVHD. Supported in part by an increase in the number of medical institutions taking delivery of this product, sales of TEMCELL® HS Inj. in FY2017 were 1,544 million yen (up 124.3% from the previous fiscal year). Going forward, we will continue to carry out activities to provide information on proper use in an effort to further increase market penetration.

 Acute GVHD is a life-threatening transplant-associated complication that arises following hematopoietic stem cell transplants. It is a disease in which immunocompetent cells (e.g. lymphocytes) present in the transplanted hematopoietic stem cells regard the recipient's body as foreign and attack the recipient's cells.

Indication: • Acute graft-versus-host disease following hematopoietic stem cell transplantation



124.3%



Message



JCR mainly focuses on the research and development of biopharmaceuticals, regenerative medical products, and pharmaceuticals for rare diseases such as inherited metabolic disorders. Notably, J-Brain Cargo®, a blood-brain barrier penetration technology, offers great promise as a new innovation in the field of central nervous system disorders.

As a JCR medical representative, I work on a daily basis to contribute to the wellbeing of as many patients as possible. During a discussion about GROWJECT®, one of our core products, a doctor once told me that "JCR's products have made it possible for my patient to continue treatment every day." In my daily duties, it is very encouraging to hear such positive comments from patients through healthcare professionals. As members of "Team JCR," we will work as one to contribute to the health of patients as much as possible.

Kenji Yamada West Japan Sales, Sales Division

GROWJECT®

Recombinant human growth hormone product



GROWJECT® is one of our core products, approved for the manufacture and marketing in 1993. It improves symptoms such as short stature, caused by the deficiency of a growth hormone that regulates the body's growth and development. Since its launch, we have been stably providing high-quality products and continuing clinical studies to explore additional indications (e.g., Short Stature Homeobox-containing Gene (SHOX) deficiency) to maximize the value of the product.

Growth hormone is indicated for both pediatric and adult diseases, and require self-injection by patients at home on a daily basis. Most of the patients are children who, if too young, might need help from their parents or

Sales in FY2017

11,495 million yen

Compared to the previous fiscal year

1 7.6%

guardians to receive the injection if they cannot perform it themselves. We consider that it is important not only to provide high-quality and reliable pharmaceuticals but also to supply user-friendly injectors.

In January 2017, we launched the new liquid formulation of GROWJECT® along with the dedicated electronically-controlled injector, GROWJECTOR® L. GROWJECTOR® L offers enhanced usability by featuring a more compact design while maintaining the display size, as well as providing the highly rated functions of the previous model. It has thus evolved into an even more user-friendly injector. Moreover, JCR proactively supplies information on growth hormone therapy by, for example,

Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR

Recombinant erythropoietin product



Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR, a therapeutic product for renal anemia launched in May 2010, was developed utilizing our completely serum-free technology and proprietary biotechnologies. The product improves anemic symptoms of patients with chronic renal failure on dialysis treatment. Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR was jointly developed by JCR and Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (Kissei Pharmaceutical) and was approved as the first biosimilar

Sales in FY2017

4,115 million yen

Compared to the previous fiscal year

↑ 11.2%

in Japan based on the robust clinical data that demonstrated equivalence and similarity to the originator drug. In Japan, Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR is co-promoted with Kissei Pharmaceutical.

Sales in FY2017 was 4,115 million yen (up 11.2% from the previous fiscal year) and its share of the market for short-acting erythropoietin in Japan has surpassed 60%. Sales have steadily increased and it is now one of our regularly publishing "Child Nursing," a nursing support book on growth hormone therapy for healthcare professionals.

Sales in FY2017 increased to 11,495 million yen (up 7.6% from the previous fiscal year), and its market share hit another record high, following on from the previous

fiscal year. We will constantly strive to add value to our product portfolio through such means as developing new patient-friendly injectors and supplying information on diseases, as we aim to further increase our market share by proactively performing strategic and systematic sales activities.



"Child Nursing," a nursing care support book on growth hormone therapy

Indications: • Growth Hormone Deficiency

- Turner Syndrome
- Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency
- Small for Gestational Age

core products thanks to the increasing awareness of the equivalence of this biosimilar to the originator drug in terms of efficacy and quality and growing needs for cost effective biosimilars for dialysis treatment, where the cost is controlled by the flat sum reimbursement system. To further strengthen our presence in this market, we are jointly developing with Kissei Pharmaceutical "JR-131," a biosimilar of darbepoetin. We aim to file an application for marketing authorization in 2018.

Looking ahead, we will continue to carry out activities to provide high-quality pharmaceutical information based on the strong recognition our products have received in terms of their quality, thereby further increasing our market penetration.

Indications: • Renal anemia in dialysis patients

· Anemia of prematurity

Close-up

GROWJECTOR® L, an Electronically-Controlled Injector for the Liquid Formulation of GROWJECT®



GROWJECTOR® L is a new electronically-controlled growth hormone drug injector that was jointly developed by JCR and Panasonic Healthcare Co., Ltd. (currently PHC Holdings Corporation). This injector is the third generation model of GROWJECTOR®, which was launched as the world's first electronically-controlled injector in 2006. GROWJECTOR® L offers enhanced usability as an upgraded injector in addition to preserving the advantages of the previous models, including the automatic injection cycle of "inserting, injecting and retracting of the needle" and the ability to check the injection history. Injection with GROWJECTOR® L is an easy operation: users only need to load the drug cartridge, attach the injection needle, and press the injection button. This simple operation contributes to the improvement of patient compliance and QOL. In recognition of its outstanding user-friendliness and ease of operation, GROWJECTOR® L was awarded the Good Design Award 2017, following on from GROWJECTOR® 2, the second generation model.



About the Good Design Award

The Good Design Award is a comprehensive design evaluation and commendation system operated by the Japan Institute of Design Promotion (JDP). The Good Design Award seeks to enrich our lives, industry and society as a whole by selecting and commending "good designs" in various aspects of our lives.

JCR promotes Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities under its corporate philosophy, "Contributing towards people's healthcare through pharmaceutical products." We aim to become a reliable pharmaceutical company contributing to the welfare of society.

Basic Approach to CSR

JCR works to promote a better work environment, fulfilling its responsibilities as a corporate citizen in the areas of the environment and society. At the same time, as a company that develops its business focusing on the field of biopharmaceuticals for rare diseases, our CSR activities also involve efforts to contribute to patients afflicted with those diseases.









Work Environment



Creating an ideal workplace environment

JCR believes it important to create a workplace environment where every employee is able to display their talent and actively engage in tasks with comfort. To achieve this, we will continue to promote creating such environments where it is possible for employees to balance the demands of work, child-rearing and nursing care, developing human resources for the company's sustainable growth, and also promoting the improvement of the company's compliance status while quickly responding to rapid changes in the social environment.

Promoting Active Roles for Female Employees

Following the enforcement of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace, JCR established the action plans listed below. We will promote creating an ideal workplace environment for female employees by providing support for child-rearing. Along with further conducting proactive recruiting of women, we will increase professional ambition through education and training for candidates in managerial roles. We will also actively encourage women to assume roles in management.

Target 1: To increase the ratio of newly graduated female recruits to over 35%.

Target 2: To increase the ratio of female managers.

Employment of Persons with Disabilities

We actively undertake initiatives to recruit persons with disabilities, and create work environments company-wide that are conducive to utilizing the individual talents of employees with disabilities as a part of Team JCR. In March 2017, we employed a visually impaired massager/practitioner in acupuncture and moxibustion (for blood circulation) and opened a massage room for our employees to prevent accumulating fatigue and enhance well-being.

Introduction of New Performance Evaluation System

The most important constituents of "Team JCR" are people. Based on the idea of the management, "We value each employee," we introduced a human resource management system with compensation structure that is transparent and rational. Through measures like this, we are improving employees' motivation and our workplace environment to allow employees to fully demonstrate their capabilities.

Introduction of an Indefinite Term Transfer System

In conjunction with revisions to the Labor Contract Act, JCR has introduced an indefinite term employment transfer system. Beginning in April 2018, we are proactively encouraging contract employees with more than five consecutive years of employment to switch to indefinite term employment to enable them to take an even more active role as members of "Team JCR." This will ensure we retain a stable pool of experienced, talented personnel and will lead to improved employee motivation.

Reduction of Long Working Hours/Encouraging Paid Leave

Through company-wide activities led by our Safety and Health Committee, the company and employees work as one to maintain a safe workplace (such as introducing WEB cameras and a safety confirmation system), as well as the improving the work environment. To reduce long working hours, we hold a "no overtime day" once a week. In addition, our Safety and Health Committee keeps lists of employees who have worked longer than 30 hours of overtime a month to confirm their status and provide them with guidance to improve their situation. We also encourage our employees to take paid leave



Employee training

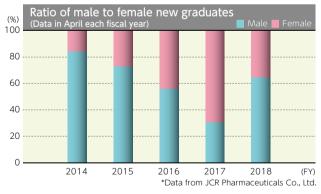
during major national holidays and extended leave to refresh themselves.

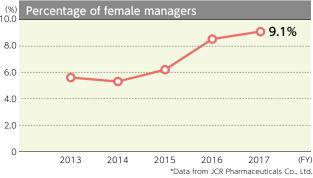
Introduction of Flextime System

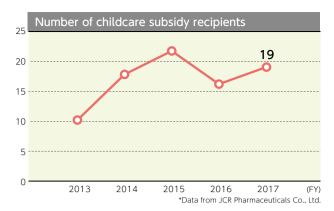
In April 2012, we introduced a flextime system that offers employees flexible work schedule under expectations that it will reduce the physical and mental burden on employees and accommodate employees' work and lifestyles.

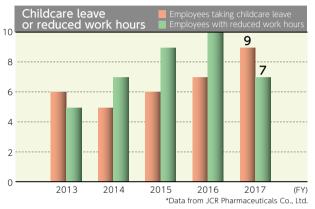
Establishment of In-House Training System

The spirit of undertaking new challenges is essential for all of our employees' growth, and for the sustainable development of JCR. To achieve this, we conduct employee training based on employees' management level and abilities. We focus our training programs not only on business skills directly related to employees' work, but also communication skills in order to create an open-minded organization that encourages employee growth and activity.









Child-Rearing Support

We are proactively engaged in improving our work environment so that our employees can fully demonstrate their abilities while maintaining a healthy balance between work, child-rearing, and nursing care. In addition to the revision of company rules to support parenting and nursing aged parents based on the law, we established a childcare subsidy in April 2011 and opened an in-house childcare center in November 2015.



"JCR Kids Land," in-house day-care center

Employees' Healthcare and Improvement of Work Environment

To understand our employees' health status and eliminate health risk factors at our workplace, we provide periodical health checkup, stress check, and mental health care for our employees in addition to the assessment of their work environment.

For other non-financial information, please refer to the Work Environment page under the CSR Activities section of our website.

http://www.jcrpharm.co.jp/en/site/en/csr/index.html

Environment

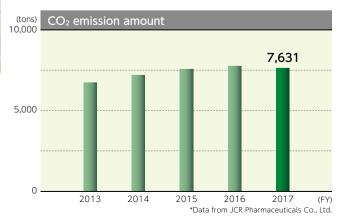


Company-Wide Activities

- 1. On a company-wide basis, we adhere to environmental laws and regulations through compliance training for the employees and other activities. We have been promoting activities to reduce CO₂ emissions to protect the environment and to save energy by installing LED lighting and heat storage units.
- 2. The Manufacturing Department makes concerted efforts to save water and energy resources such as electricity. One example is promoting the use of single-use bioreactors to avoid using a large quantity of washing water as otherwise required in conventional incubators. Efforts to reduce the consumption of resources and wastes are also made in production lines.
- 3. The Sales Division is switching to hybrid cars for commercial vehicles in efforts to reduce CO₂ emissions for a better global environment. A drive recorder is installed in each commercial vehicle to increase awareness towards eco-friendly and safe driving.

Promotion of New Measures

As an added measure for reducing CO₂ emissions, we introduced electric vehicles in 2015 and installed power feed systems at our headquarters and at each place of business. The Sales Division will also sequentially switch over to electric vehicles as public charging stations become popular. In addition, in 2016 we installed a solar power generating system at our Research Institute (in Nishi-ku, Kobe) and keep up our efforts to maintain a sustainable society through reduction of CO₂ emissions. We continue to promote resource and energy saving, and recycling activities and contribute to environmental protection and the reduction of environmental burden for the society.



Society



Support for the "Award for Promotion of Maternal Child Health"

JCR supports the "Award for Promotion of Maternal Child Health" (sponsored by the Mothers' and Children's Health and Welfare Association). This was established in 1979 in commemoration of the International Year of the Child. It aims for the further development of maternal and child health by encouraging the merits of individuals who have made great contributions to society and the field of community-based maternal and child health through their activities, the diffusion of and education on healthcare, practical education and guidance of healthcare, and the maintenance and expansion of healthcare facilities.

The judging committee selects and recognizes fifteen award winners every year among candidates working in the field of maternal and child health. These candidates include public health nurses, midwives, nurses, doctors, dentists, dieticians, dental hygienists, childcare workers and maternal and child health promoters who have received recommendation from the head of prefectures, cities designated by government ordinance, core cities and special wards. After the awards ceremony, the award winners are invited to the Crown Prince's Palace to meet His Imperial Highness the Crown Prince and receive words of encouragement. We will continue to contribute to the further development of maternal and child health by supporting the "Award for Promotion of Maternal and Child Health."



Photo courtesy of the Mothers' and Children's Health and Welfare Association

Support for the Swiss Nonprofit Foundation "Global Foundation for Life Sciences"

JCR continues to support the "Global Foundation for Life Sciences," a nonprofit foundation established in Switzerland in 1999. This foundation supports the advancement of life sciences, provides humanitarian assistance to various medically underprivileged countries and also provides support for the development of young researchers.

One example of the humanitarian assistance performed by this foundation is its support for the activities of the Swiss medical team of volunteers missioned to treat women suffering from obstetric fistula in West Africa every year. Obstetric fistula is a disorder that occurs as a result of obstructed labor, etc., and appropriate medical treatment is not given. A fistula forms because the pressure of the baby's head on the mother's pelvic bone for a sustained period of time causes necrosis of the tissue of the mother's bladder, vagina or rectum. There are around two million obstetric fistula patients around the world and every year 100,000 women are newly diagnosed with this condition.

The volunteer doctors regularly visit hospitals in Benin in West Africa and perform activities for the elimination of obstetric fistula, the surgical treatment of patients and technical guidance for local doctors. JCR contributes to people's health and the advancement of medical care through our support for this Foundation.

Donation to "Momiji House," a Short Stay Medical Care Facility

JCR supports "Momiji House," the first short-stay medical care facility built on the premises of the National Center for Child Health and Development (Setagaya-ku, Tokyo) as a public medical institution in April 2016. Momiji House provides 24-hour-a-day care for children who require medical care at home. Those with serious illness and disabilities and their families can stay several days at

Momiji House, feeling secure and comfortable as if they were at home. JCR supports the important mission and activities of Momiji House.



Support for the "2018 Job Yearbook"

JCR is a co-sponsor of the "2018 Job Yearbook," a career education tool published by the Asahi Shimbun Company. Aimed at elementary and middle schools, the Job Yearbook is designed to provide easy-to-understand, thoughtful answers from company representatives to a variety of simple questions children have about work, and copies have been donated to all public and private elementary and middle schools nationwide.

Content of the page introducing JCR included in the Job Yearbook can be seen in the Technology Land section ("Science and Technology Jobs that Create the Future") of the Oshigoto Museum Kids website (available in Japanese only).

https://www.oshihaku.jp/kids/

Contribution to the Community

JCR provides support to its home prefecture, Hyogo, through co-sponsorship of events (such as Kobe Festival, Kobe Luminarie, and Relay for Life Japan in Ashiya) promoting the development of the region. Furthermore, we host site tours to local high school students as an activity to support the nurturing of the next generation. In addition to the site tour of JCR Research Institute, the students are introduced to JCR's business, receive lectures on innovative drug development, and participate in interactive discussion with our employees. We intend to actively receive students on these site tours going forward.

As a company that has been engaging in the research and development of pharmaceuticals for rare diseases since its inception, JCR is involved in awareness-raising activities to support the patients.





Rare Diseases



RARE DISEASE Project

JCR started the activities of the RARE DISEASE Project to contribute as much as possible to the cause of the patients suffering from rare and intractable diseases by further increasing our understanding of these diseases. We started this project with a sense of responsibility and pride as members of a company that is taking up the cause of fighting these diseases.

This is a cross-sectional internal awareness-raising project for all JCR employees to further increase their understanding of rare diseases, with "What JCR can do"

as our motto. We collect information and share it internally to increase employees' understanding of rare diseases. We also support and cooperate with self-help patient groups and support organizations that help people fight rare diseases.

At JCR, we promote awareness within the company by creating motivational posters with the handprints of all of our employees to express consideration for patients, issuing e-newsletters, performing fundraising activities and arranging lectures for our employees. For each lecture, we invite rare disease specialists and members of patient groups to talk about the mechanism of disease and experiences. In addition to our commitment to the research and development of pharmaceuticals for rare diseases, JCR will also continue wide-ranging activities that will lead to the support of the patient community.

Message



The RARE DISEASE project is a cross-sectional internal awareness project that has been active since 2016. Today, a total of 13 members from various divisions within JCR are active as members of the project.

Our activities center on two areas: (1) Collection and internal dissemination of nformation intended to increase understanding of rare diseases and (2) Collaboration with and support for patient groups and rare disease support organizations. Specifically, our activities include participation and interaction with patient groups at seminars and distribution of reports on those activities within the company. We also hold in-house lectures and fundraising events, spread the word about Rare Disease Day events and participate in other nationwide events. Going forward, we are considering ways of expanding the range of our activities to include a point of contact for collaboration with patient groups, volunteering and other support activities, as well as awareness-building activities aimed at the general public through public lectures and other events.

Takanori Nakajima Manager, RARE DISEASE Project



RARE DISEASE Project team

Rare Disease Day

From FY2015, JCR is a supporter of "Rare Disease Day" (the world rare and intractable disease day). There are patients suffering from rare and intractable diseases around the world, but the total number of these patients is small, and the disease mechanisms are complicated. Therefore, almost no progress has been made in research and development of therapeutics and methods of diagnoses for some diseases. Rare Disease Day activities began in Sweden in 2008 with the aim of improving quality of life through better diagnoses and treatments. It is hoped that these activities would create a bridge between the patients and the society and help increase awareness for rare and intractable diseases.







Lecture

Fundraising Activities

To commemorate the Rare Disease Day, JCR organizes an activity that encourages employees to wear a Rare Disease Day official badge and raise funds in the company in February every year. Funds raised are donated to organizations working for the provision of

diseases, cooperation with healthcare professionals, promotion of research to develop therapies, and awareness-raising in the society.

information to patients with rare



Donations from fundraising activities

FY2014 205,159 yen	
FY2015 164,570 yen	
FY2016 145,969 yen	
FY2017 192,990 yen	



As secretariat for the RARE DISEASE Project, my work primarily involves project-related general affairs and acting as a point of contact for those outside the company. I have been involved in rare and intractable disease educational activities since I first joined JCR, but the cross-sectional organizational structure of this team has made it easier for those activities to reach into our various divisions and departments. We were also able to participate in patient group seminars and Rare Disease Day events nationwide. We compiled a report bringing together all of the reports we had disseminated internally and distributed it to all employees, including those at our affiliates. This generated encouraging feedback that will be used in our planning and operations in the next fiscal year, including comments such as "I gained an understanding about patients in fields other than my own" and "My family read the report, which gave me an opportunity to talk about what JCR does and what my own work involves."

Working through a variety of plans going forward, we hope that our aspirations for addressing rare diseases spread, and that everyone on "Team JCR" takes part in doing "What JCR can do"

Izumi Yamamoto Manager, RARE DISEASE Project Secretariat

ORPORATE OVERNANCE

Basic Concept

JCR Group considers that for the purpose of providing superior quality and more useful pharmaceutical products and medical equipment to society, it is important to aim to enhance the legality, transparency and objectivity of the Company's management, to heighten our corporate value further, and at the same time to build a system to ensure the protection of the interests of shareholders. For this purpose, we are putting forth effort to secure implementation and operation of effective internal control systems, to evaluate the effectiveness of such systems on our own, and to fulfill social responsibilities as a corporation.

For the purpose of compliance, we recognize that it is important to adhere to laws and regulations, global standards, and various industrial standards, and also to foster a corporate culture with a heightened sense of ethics in the course of day-to-day corporate activities.

Overview of Corporate Governance System

JCR as a company with the Audit & Supervisory Board, have established the Board of Directors consisting of nine Directors, including four Outside Directors, the Audit & Supervisory Board consisting of five Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and Accounting Auditors.

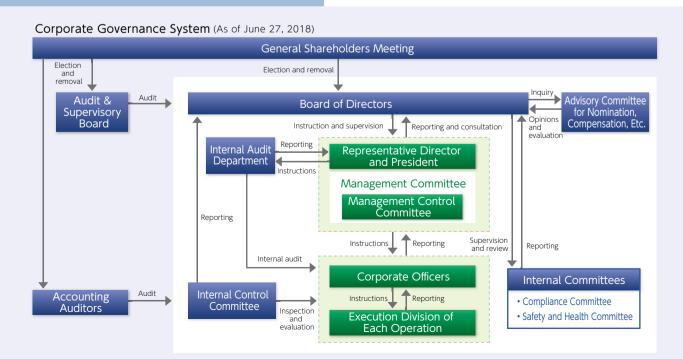
In addition to these organs, we have established Management Control Committee, Advisory Committee for Nomination, Compensation, etc., Management Committee, Internal Audit Department, Internal Control Committee and Compliance Committee. Also, we have introduced the corporate officer system for business execution, promoting the separation of the management and business execution functions. As for the composition of corporate governance system, we believe it is at an appropriate scope in line with the Company's current condition, and that it is possible to conduct efficient management operations. Also, we judge that the current governance system, which includes four Outside Directors and five Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members is effective for securing the transparency, objectivity (impartiality) and independence of supervision over management.

Details of Organs of the Company

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors consists of nine Directors, and in principle, an ordinary Board of Directors' meeting is held once per month, and an extraordinary Board of Directors' meeting is held as necessary, and it decides important matters concerning the management of the Company in addition to matters specified by laws and regulations.

It is defined in our articles of incorporation that our Company must have no more than ten Directors and that the appointment of those Directors must be resolved at a meeting attended by shareholders who hold at least one third of the



voting rights of all the shareholders who have voting rights and that it must be passed by a majority of the votes. Furthermore, the resolutions to appoint Directors shall not be decided by cumulative voting.

Management Control Committee

The Management Control Committee consists of Representative Directors and Internal Directors. Although important management matters related to management policy, management strategy, etc., are in principle deliberated and decided by Management Committee, it operates as a meeting body for expeditious response depending on the matter in question.

Advisory Committee for Nomination, Compensation, Etc.

The Advisory Committee consists of one Internal Director, three Independent Outside Directors and one Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member (full-time), and it deliberates important matters concerning nomination and compensation for Directors and Corporate Officers and Audit & Supervisory Board Members. It also makes suggestions regarding the evaluation of the Board of Directors as necessary and provides opinions to the Board of Directors.

Management Committee

The Management Committee consists of five Internal Directors and six Corporate Officers, and a meeting is held in principle twice per month. The purpose of the Committee is to make deliberations and decisions necessary for management judgment after sharing important matters related to management policy, management strategies and other matters related to company management among departments, and to submit results to the Board of Directors.

Corporate Officer System

We have introduced the corporate officer system for the purpose of ensuring the efficiency of management of the Company and to accelerate the execution of operations. Five

Corporate Officers execute operations based on the management policy decided by the Board of Directors.

Audit & Supervisory Board

The Company is a company with the Audit & Supervisory Board, and five Audit & Supervisory Board Members have assumed office (one full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member and four part-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members) and all of them are Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

The Audit & Supervisory Board holds a meeting once per month and also an extraordinary Audit & Supervisory Board meeting as needed.

Audit & Supervisory Board Members attend important meetings, including Board of Directors' meetings. The Board also serves as a system that can demonstrate supervising functions for company management, and ascertain the status of the Company through consultations with top management members including General Managers in charge.

Internal Audit Department

Internal Audit Department directly under the control of Director and President performs audits on whether or not operations are executed by departments in line with laws and regulations as well as internal rules.

Internal Audit Department consists of four full-time employees, including one Director of Internal Audit Department, and the results of internal audits are submitted to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, in addition to Director and President.

Internal Control Committee

The Internal Control Committee consists of members of the Legal Affairs Department, Accounting Department, Human Resources & General Affairs Department, Internal Audit Department, etc. It exchanges opinions with and makes reports to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc., as necessary and further secures appropriate financial reporting by Accounting Auditors with respect to the effectiveness of the reporting of internal controls through self-inspection processes.

Organs of the Company, Number of Meetings Held, and Attendance Rate in FY2017

(As of end of FY2017)

	7	0
Board of Directors	Composition	8 members (5 Internal Directors, 3 Independent Outside Directors)
	Number of meetings held	14 (including 2 extraordinary Board of Directors' meetings)
	Attendance rate	96.09% (Absence: 2 Outside Directors, 5 times each)
Management Committee	Composition	17 members (5 Internal Directors, 1 Independent Outside Director, 2 Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, 8 Corporate Officers, 1 Adviser)
	Number of meetings held	20
	Attendance rate	92.22 % (Absence: 1 Independent Outside Director, 13 times, and 1 Adviser, 5 times)
Advisory Committee Composition		5 members (1 Internal Director, 3 Independent Outside Directors, 1 Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member)
for Nomination, Compensation, etc.	Number of meetings held	5
	Attendance rate	84.00% (Absence: 3 Independent Outside Directors, 1 time each, and 1 Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, 1 time)
Audit &	Composition	5 members (5 Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)
Supervisory Board	Number of meetings held	13 (including 1 extraordinary Audit & Supervisory Board meeting)
	Attendance rate	98.41% (Absence: 1 member, 1 time)
Internal Control Committee	Composition	9 members (2 from Legal Affairs Dept., 3 from Internal Audit Dept., 2 from Accounting Dept., and 2 from Human Resources & General Affairs Dept.)
	Number of meetings held	6
	Attendance rate	96.30% (Absence: 1 from Internal Audit Dept. and 1 from Human Resources & General Affairs Dept., 1 time each)

Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Functions and Roles of Outside Directors

JCR has four Outside Directors and five Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

Outside Directors supervise the management from an independent standpoint to contribute to JCR's sustainable growth and medium-to-long-term improvement of corporate value through decision-making at the Board of Directors' meeting. Outside Directors strengthen cooperation with the Audit & Supervisory Board, exchange information, share recognition, and appropriately reflect these aspects to the Board of Directors with an objective point of view. Three Independent Outside Directors are also members of the Advisory Committee for Nomination, Compensation, etc.

To further increase the independence and neutrality of our audit system, Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members proactively acquire information necessary for audits by sharing information with an audit firm and the Internal Audit Department, and monitor the execution of Directors' duties through operational and accounting audits. As they are expected to present objective opinions for audits, Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members make unreserved questions and comments to the Representative Directors and the Board of Directors. One of the Independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members (full-time member) is a member of Advisory Committee for Nomination, Compensation, etc.

Interests between JCR and Outside Directors

Outside Director Toshihide Yoda concurrently holds the post of Managing Director at MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION (MEDIPAL HOLDINGS). JCR and MEDIPAL HOLDINGS concluded a contract for a capital and business tie-up, as well as multiple contracts for investment into development. MEDIPAL HOLDINGS also retains 22.46% of JCR's shares.

The status of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' stock investments in our Company is recorded in our annual Securities Report. Otherwise, there are no special interests between JCR, Outside Directors or Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

JCR designates eight members - Outside Directors Toshihiro Ishikiriyama, Takashi Suetsuna, Yuko Hayashi, as well as Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members Kazumasa Oizumi, Kazuhiko Yamada, Kenjiro Miyatake, Takeshi Komura, and Shuichi Tani - as independent directors as stipulated in the listing regulations for the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Reasons for appointment of Outside Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Category	Name	Independent directors	Reason for appointment
Outside Directors	Toshihiro Ishikiriyama	0	Appointed due to a lengthy career in the pharmaceutical industry; we want to leverage his knowledge and experience as a pharmaceutical company manager in JCR's own management.
	Takashi Suetsuna	0	Appointed due to a wealth of experience and deep insight into administrative agencies; we want to leverage his expertise as an Outside Auditor and Outside Director for other companies in JCR's own management.
	Toshihide Yoda		Appointed due to overwhelming demonstration of insights cultivated as a pharmaceutical sector analyst in the financial industry; we want to leverage his experience as a leading force in the creation of new businesses in JCR's own management.
	Yuko Hayashi, Ph.D.	0	Appointed due to a wealth of knowledge and experience in research activities related to advanced medicines; we want to leverage her wide-ranging wealth of experience, such as promoting diversity and active roles for female employees, in JCR's own management.
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Kazumasa Oizumi	0	Appointed to leverage his experience in the finance industry as well as experience as a company board member; we want him to perform audits from an experienced and well-informed standpoint.
	Kazuhiko Yamada	0	Appointed due to his experience and expertise as a certified tax accountant; we want him to perform audits from a taxation perspective.
	Kenjiro Miyatake	0	Appointed to utilize his experience as a corporate manager in the pharmaceutical industry; we want him to perform audits from an experienced and well-informed standpoint.
	Takeshi Komura	0	Appointed due to a wealth of experience in administrative agencies and broad insights into monetary and financial affairs; we want him to perform audits using his experience and knowledge as an Outside Director for other companies.
	Shuichi Tani	0	Appointed due to a wealth of experience related to public health, deep insights into medical welfare, and profound perspectives on medical institutions; we want him to perform audits using these experiences.

Compliance

Compliance Committee

JCR has established a Compliance Committee as an organization to implement company management in line with social norms and corporate ethics as well as compliance with laws and regulations. An external lawyer serves as the chairperson of the Committee, and it consists of two sub-committees: a Compliance Control Committee with committee members equivalent to our Directors and Corporate Officers, and a Compliance Promotion Committee with employees who are in charge of departments. The Compliance Committee holds meetings on a regular basis, determines the Company's compliance action plans and policies, and provides employee training and education based on the Compliance Code of Conduct and the Compliance Handbook.

Occupational Safety and Health

Safety and Health Committee

JCR has set up Safety and Health Committee for the purposes of securing the safety and health of employees at our workplaces, and establishing and promoting a comfortable work environment. The Committee consists of employees who represent each division of JCR, a licensed social insurance labor consultant, and industrial physicians as an outside committee members. The committee periodically holds meetings to report on the status of each workplace, and secure and improve occupational safety and health.

Risk Management

Status of the Risk Management System

As a company that handles pharmaceutical products that concern people's health, JCR has established procedures for risk control in each of its divisions along with ascertaining risk in corporate activities. It also determines basic risk management guidelines and develops its risk management system based on those guidelines. Furthermore, the Company is creating systems that can respond to risk prevention, risk management, and risk contingencies through collaboration with related committees such as the Risk Management Promotion Office, Internal Control Committee and Compliance Committee.

In particular, as a pharmaceutical company, JCR regularly holds meetings of the three Executives of manufacturing and marketing (Marketing Supervisor-General, Quality Assurance Manager, and Safety Management Supervisor) in accordance with laws and regulations, and has constructed systems that assure the quality, effectiveness and safety of drugs.

Moreover, while expanding its operations globally, JCR will introduce a global-standard drug quality system and pursue an even higher level of safety.

Please refer to our "Corporate Governance Report" for details. http://www.jcrpharm.co.jp/en/site/en/company/governance.html

Members, Number of Meetings, and Attendance Rate at Internal Committee Meetings in FY2017

Compliance Compliance		Composition	14 members (2 attorneys, 4 Directors, 8 Corporate Officers)
Committee	Control Committee	Number of meetings held	1
		Attendance rate	100.00%
	Compliance Promotion Committee	Composition	16 members (2 from Business Development Div., 3 from HR Development & Compliance Dept., 1 from Human Resources & General Affairs Dept., 1 from Sales Div., 2 from Development Div., 1 from Research Div., 4 from Production Div., 1 from Quality Assurance Div., 1 from an affiliate company)
		Number of meetings held	2
		Attendance rate	93.75% (Absence: 1 from Development Div., 1 from Production Div.)
Safety and Health Committee		Composition	16 members (1 licensed social insurance labor consultant, 2 industrial physicians, 5 from Human Resources & General Affairs Dept., 1 from Sales Div., 1 from Corporate Planning Div., 1 from Business Development Div., 1 from Quality Assurance Div., 2 from Production Div., 2 from Development Div.)
		Number of meetings held	12
		Attendance rate	91.15% (Absence details omitted)

Operating Results

Net Sales

Sales of our core product, GROWJECT®, a recombinant human growth hormone, continued growing from the previous fiscal year to 11,495 million yen (up 7.6% from the previous fiscal year) due to the detailed area marketing activities and the launch of its liquid formulation in January 2017. Sales of Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR, a recombinant human erythropoietin product, as well as TEMCELL® HS Inj., a regenerative medical product, also increased favorably, accompanied by an increase in revenue from licensing, totalling 20,594 million yen (up 13.9% from the previous fiscal year) in FY2017. Sales from pharmaceuticals, JCR's main business sector, amounted to 20,177 million yen (up 14.1% from the previous fiscal year) and accounted for 98.0% of total sales.

Trend of Sales in Each Business Segment (unit: million yen)

		FY2016	FY2017
	GROWJECT®	10,682	11,495
10	Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR	3,702	4,115
ticals	TEMCELL® HS Inj.	688	1,544
Pharmaceuticals	Urine-derived products	1,145	834
harm	Revenue from licensing	1,283	2,137
Д.	Others	175	50
	Total	17,677	20,177
Medical devices and laboratory equipment		407	417
Total		18,085	20,594

Gross Profit

Due to the increase in net sales, gross profit increased 17.0% from the previous fiscal year to 14,465 million yen. Mainly due to the increase in revenue from licensing and the reduction of product cost, the ratio of cost of sales to net sales improved 1.9 percentage points from the previous fiscal year to 29.8%.

Operating Income

R&D expenditures increased 3.5% from the FY2016, and selling, general and administrative expenses, including R&D expenditures, were 10,681 million yen (up 6.9% from the previous fiscal year). As a result, operating income was 3,784 million yen (up 60.2% from the previous fiscal year).

Ordinary Income

Non-operating income decreased 131 million yen compared with the FY2016, mainly due to the decrease in gain on redemption of securities, while non-operating expenses decreased 17 million yen due to the decrease in expenses for purchase of treasury stock. As a result, ordinary income amounted to 3,843 million yen (up 51.7% from the previous fiscal year).

Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent

Extraordinary income was 77 million yen (up 56 million yen from the previous fiscal year) due to the reasons such as gain on sale of non-current assets in FY2017. Furthermore, extraordinary losses came to 25 million yen (down 36 million yen from the previous fiscal year). As a result, income before income taxes was 3,895 million yen (up 56.3% from the previous fiscal year), and profit attributable to owners of parent amounted to 3,070 million yen (up 64.8% from the previous fiscal year).

Financial Position

Assets

Total assets at the end of FY2017 stood at 38,398 million yen (up 2,013 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end).

Current assets stood at 23,327 million yen (up 3,012 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end) due to the increase in inventories and securities, which offset a decrease in cash and deposits. Noncurrent assets stood at 15,070 million yen (down 998 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end) mainly due to the decrease in investment securities.

Liabilities

Total liabilities at the end of FY2017 stood at 10,870 million yen (up 2,070 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end).

Current liabilities stood at 7,105 million yen (up 2,398 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end), mainly due to increases in short-term loans payable and income taxes payable. Noncurrent liabilities stood at 3,764 million yen (down 327 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end), mainly due to decreases in long-term loans payable and lease obligations.

Net Assets

Net assets stood at 27,528 million yen (down 57 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end) due to an increase in treasury stock, despite recording profit attributable to owners of parent.

As a result, the equity ratio at the end of FY2017 was 70.3% (down 4.7 percentage points from the previous fiscal year-end).

Cash Flow

Net cash provided by operating activities in FY2017 amounted to 3,133 million yen (up 482 million yen from the previous fiscal year). The main factors were income before income taxes of 3,895 million yen and depreciation and amortization of 1,382 million yen, partially offset by an increase in notes and accounts receivable-trade of 1,668 million and an increase in inventories of 1,314 million yen.

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to 1,587 million yen (up 745 million yen from the previous fiscal year). The main factors were purchase of property, plant,

and equipment of 922 million yen and purchase of securities of 611 million yen, partially offset by proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities of 300 million yen.

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to 2,175 million yen (up 2,321 million yen from the previous fiscal year). The main factors were a net increase in treasury stock of 2,585 million yen, cash dividends paid of 748 million yen, partially offset by increase in short-term loans payable of 1,220 million yen.

As a result, cash and cash equivalents at the end of FY2017 stood at 4,850 million yen (down 614 million yen from the previous fiscal year-end).

Forecast for FY2018

In terms of sales, we anticipate net sales growth on top of steady increases in sales volume for GROWJECT® and TEMCELL® HS Inj., in addition to our proactive efforts into the licensing business. Sales of Epoetin Alfa BS Inj. JCR are expected to decline with the impact of drug price revisions, however the overall sales forecast of JCR group is for 21,900 million yen (up 6.3% from the current fiscal year).

In terms of profits, although we are planning to pursue research and development activities even more proactively, we anticipate operating income of 4,290 million yen (up 13.3% from the current fiscal year), ordinary income of 4,360 million yen (up 13.4% from the current fiscal year) and profit attributable to owners of parent of 3,200 million yen (up 4.2% from the current fiscal year) due to an increase in gross profit associated with sales growth.

Dividends Policy

Basic Policy on Profit Distribution and Dividends

JCR regards the distribution of its profits to shareholders as an important management policy.

Our basic policy in regard to the declaration of cash dividends and so forth is to provide continuous and stable dividends by taking into account of factors such as the business performance and cash flow while securing sufficient internal reserves for the development of new drug products and the strengthening of our management structure, which will be a source of future profits.

Based on the Companies Act Article 459, Paragraph 1, JCR decided that it may provide dividends of surplus and interim dividends based on the resolution of the Board of Directors. As our basic policy, we offer dividends twice a year as the interim dividend and the term-end dividend.

For the term-end dividend for FY2017, under our basic policy to provide continuous and stable dividends, we will provide term-end dividend of 14 yen per share. Together with the interim dividend of 12 yen per share, the total annual dividend is 26 yen per share.

Internal reserves will be effectively used as a resource to contribute to strengthening our management, increasing revenue, and returning of profits in the future.

For the dividend of FY2018 (the term ending in March 2019), we expect to distribute a full-year dividend of 26 yen per share (interim dividend of 13 yen and term-end dividend of 13 yen).

Summary of Financial Data for Eleven Years

Consolidated fiscal years ended March 31

	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	
Fiscal year					
Net sales	11,871	12,082	14,387	14,457	
Operating income	281	546	2,007	1,407	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	399	539	1,302	926	
Comprehensive income	_	_	_	783	
R&D expenditures	2,776	2,804	2,325	2,017	
Capital investment	553	876	2,369	2,417	
Depreciation and amortization	575	694	743	975	
Cash flows from operating activities	1,923	1,825	2,357	(18)	
Cash flows from investing activities	(571)	121	(3,396)	(2,211)	
Cash flows from financing activities	(512)	(1,276)	1,756	(1,276)	
End of fiscal year					
Total assets	24,218	24,767	29,148	29,817	
Net assets	16,852	16,984	20,483	22,832	
Shareholders' equity	16,840	16,879	20,462	22,762	
Information per share					
Earnings per share (EPS)	14.74	20.09	50.77	28.93	
Net assets	623.22	635.20	700.80	704.96	
Dividends	10.00	10.00	15.00	12.00	
Financial indicators					
Equity ratio (%)	69.5	68.2	70.2	76.3	
Return on equity (ROE) (%)	2.3	3.2	7.0	4.3	
Dividend payout ratio (%)	67.8	49.8	29.5	41.5	
Numbers of employees	277	280	311	399	

Unit: million yen						
FY2017	FY2016	FY2015	FY2014	FY2013	FY2012	FY2011
20,594	18,085	17,438	16,855	15,705	14,099	12,845
3,784	2,362	2,152	2,014	1,545	1,150	1,089
3,070	1,863	1,789	1,682	1,296	730	633
3,016	1,831	1,557	1,936	1,544	1,161	664
4,211	4,071	3,348	3,334	2,202	1,991	1,841
908	1,409	1,237	1,522	2,260	1,494	487
1,382	1,447	1,407	1,352	1,111	979	1,101
3,133	2,651	2,201	499	4,565	1,661	(421)
(1,587)	(841)	(980)	(1,419)	(2,668)	(178)	1,539
(2,175)	146	(1,314)	(1,261)	(369)	(238)	(1,065)
38,398	36,385	35,346	34,086	33,464	31,286	28,967
27,528	27,585	27,062	26,264	24,580	23,496	22,633
26,999	27,305	26,819	26,101	24,417	23,368	22,535
Unit: yen						
98.73	58.95	56.12	52.85	40.79	23.03	19.75
877.86	864.66	843.34	818.64	768.13	735.86	710.82
26.00	22.00	22.00	18.50	17.00	12.00	12.00
70.3	75.0	75.9	76.6	73.0	74.7	77.8
11.3	6.9	6.8	6.6	5.4	3.2	2.8
26.3	37.3	39.2	35.0	41.7	52.1	60.8
568	566	526	501	472	437	424

Consolidated Financial Statements

		Unit: million yen
Consolidated Balance Sheets	As of	As of
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposit	5,509	4,895
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	5,434	7,103
Securities	300	1,217
Merchandise and finished goods	1,757	1,759
Work in process	1,591	1,790
Raw materials and supplies	4,389	5,474
Deferred tax assets	390	496
Other	942	592
Total current assets	20,315	23,327
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures, net	4,938	4,755
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	1,204	1,044
Land	3,882	3,882
Lease assets, net	605	392
Construction in progress	31	_
Other, net	726	778
Total property, plant and equipment	11,387	10,853
Intangible assets	67	112
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	3,587	3,194
Net defined benefit assets	276	268
Other	773	665
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(22)	(22)
Total investments and other assets	4,614	4,104
Total non-current assets	16,069	15,070
Total assets	36,385	38,398

Unit: million ven

As of March 31, 2017 March 31	As of , 2018
12 1 199	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Notes and accounts payable-trade 700	585
Short-term loans payable 1,493	2,893
Lease obligations 230	193
Income taxes payable 69	887
Provision for bonuses 525	560
Provision for directors' bonuses 73	80
Other 1,614	1,904
Total current liabilities 4,706	7,105
Non-current liabilities	
Long-term loans payable 2,713	2,500
Lease obligations 401	218
Provision for loss on guarantees 337	315
Allowance for employee stock ownership benefits —	19
Net defined benefit liability 582	641
Other 56	69
Total non-current liabilities 4,092	3,764
Total liabilities 8,799 1	0,870
Net assets	
Shareholders' equity	
Capital stock 9,061	9,061
Capital surplus 10,964 1	0,947
Retained earnings 8,149 1	0,469
Treasury stock (1,486)	4,042)
Total shareholders' equity 26,689	26,435
Accumulated other comprehensive income	
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities 569	462
Foreign currency translation adjustments 149	169
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (103)	(67)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income 616	563
Subscription rights to shares 279	344
Non-controlling interests 0	185
	27,528
Total liabilities and net assets 36,385	38,398

Unit: million yen

Consolidated Statements of Income	FY2016 (From Apr. 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)	FY2017 (From Apr. 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)
Net sales	18,085	20,594
Cost of sales	5,731	6,128
Gross profit	12,353	14,465
Selling, general and administrative expenses	9,991	10,681
Operating income	2,362	3,784
Non-operating income		
Interest income	16	20
Dividends income	20	25
Foreign exchange gains	46	_
Gain on sale of investment securities	18	26
Insurance income	_	11
Other	133	21
Total non-operating income	236	105
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	28	27
Foreign exchange losses	_	7
Other	35	11
Total non-operating expenses	64	46
Ordinary income	2,534	3,843
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sale of non-current assets	_	54
Reversal of provision for loss on guarantees	20	22
Other	_	0
Total extraordinary income	20	77
Extraordinary losses		
Special retirement money for affiliated companies	59	_
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	3	25
Total extraordinary losses	62	25
Profit before income taxes	2,492	3,895
Income taxes-current	393	964
Income taxes-deferred	235	(139)
Total income taxes	629	825
Profit	1,863	3,069
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	0	(0)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,863	3,070

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Profit	1,863	3,069
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(18)	(107)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(56)	19
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	42	35
Total other comprehensive income	(31)	(53)
Comprehensive income	1,831	3,016
(Comprehensive income attributable to)		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	1,831	3,016
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	0	(0)

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

From April 1, 2016 to	Shareholders' equity				Unit: million yen
March 31, 2017	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Beginning balance	9,061	10,961	6,930	(781)	26,171
Accumulative impact amount due to changes of accounting poli	cies		55		55
Beginning balance after reflection of changes of accounting police	ies 9,061	10,961	6,985	(781)	26,226
Changes during the year					
Dividends paid			(699)		(699)
Net income attributable to owners of the pare	ent		1,863		1,863
Purchase of treasury shares				(776)	(776)
Disposal of treasury shares		3		71	75
Changes of items other than shareholders' equity (r	et)				
Total changes for the year	_	3	1,163	(705)	462
Ending balance	9,061	10,964	8,149	(1,486)	26,689

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
_	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Beginning balance	587	205	(145)	648	242	0	27,062
Accumulative impact amount due to changes of accounting policies							55
Beginning balance after reflection of changes of accounting policies	587	205	(145)	648	242	0	27,118
Changes during the year							
Dividends paid							(699)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent							1,863
Purchase of treasury shares							(776)
Disposal of treasury shares							75
Changes of items other than shareholders' equity (net)	(18)	(56)	42	(31)	37	0	5
Total changes for the year	(18)	(56)	42	(31)	37	0	467
Ending balance	569	149	(103)	616	279	0	27,585

From April 1, 2017 to			Shareholders' equ	Unit: million yen	
March 31, 2018	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Beginning balance	9,061	10,964	8,149	(1,486)	26,689
Changes during the year					
Dividends paid			(750)		(750)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent			3,070		3,070
Purchase of treasury shares				(2,622)	(2,622)
Disposal of treasury shares		(16)		66	49
Changes of items other than shareholders' equity (net)					
Total changes for the year	_	(16)	2,319	(2,556)	(253)
Ending balance	9,061	10,947	10,469	(4,042)	26,435

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Beginning balance	569	149	(103)	616	279	0	27,585
Changes during the year							
Dividends paid							(750)
Net income attributable to owners of the parent							3,070
Purchase of treasury shares							(2,622)
Disposal of treasury shares							49
Changes of items other than shareholders' equity (net)	(107)	19	35	(53)	64	184	195
Total changes for the year	(107)	19	35	(53)	64	184	(57)
Ending balance	462	169	(67)	563	344	185	27,528

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows FY2016 (From Apt. 12016) (From Apt. 12016) (From Apt. 12018) FY2017 (From Apt. 12018) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities income before income taxes 2,492 3,895 Depreciation and amortization 1,447 1,382 Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses 44 355 Share-based compensation expenses 79 77 Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in increase (decrease) in accounts receivable-treade (37) (46) Interest expenses 28 27 Decrease (increase) in inaccounts receivable-trade (50) (1,568) Decrease (increase) in inventories (402) (1,314) Increase (decrease) in inaccounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade (33) (14) Increase (decrease) in ac			Unit: million yen
Income before income taxes 2,492 3,895 Depreciation and amortization 1,447 1,382 Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses 44 35 Share-based compensation expenses 79 77 Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees 200 (22) Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees 200 (22) Interest and dividends income (37) (46) Interest and dividends income (37) (46) Interest expenses 28 27 Foreign exchange losses (gains) (31) 13 Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade (50) (1,668) Decrease (increase) in incounts receivable-other (324) (290) Decrease (increase) in incounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 370 (354) (258) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 370 (354) (354) (354) Increase (decrease) in advanced received (174) (38)	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	(From Apr. 1, 2016	(From Apr. 1, 2017
Depreciation and amortization 1,447 1,382 Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses 44 35 Share-based compensation expenses 79 77 Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in interest and dividends income (37) (46) Interest and dividends income (37) (46) Interest expenses 28 27 Foreign exchange losses (gains) (31) 13 Decrease (increase) in osteos and accounts receivable-trade (50) (1,668) Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other (324) 290 Decrease (increase) in inventories (402) (1,314) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other (313) (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other (313) (14) Increase (decrease) in advanced received (374) 258 Subtotal (377) 3,246 Other, net 780 288 Subtotal (377) 3,246 Interest expenses paid (28) (27) Income taxes (paid) refund (1,126) (133) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,651 3,133 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of securities 284 (300) Purchase of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Procee	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	Income before income taxes	2,492	3,895
Share-based compensation expenses 79 77 Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees (20) (22) Increase (decrease) in red lefined benefit liability 65 75 Interest and dividends income (37) (46) Interest expenses 28 27 Foreign exchange losses (gains) (31) 13 Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade (50) (1,668) Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other (324) 290 Decrease (increase) in inventories (402) (1,314) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in active donsumption taxes (354) 258 Subtotal 3,773 3,246 Interest and dividends income received 3,73 3,246 Interest and dividends income received (28) (27) Income taxes (paid refund (1,126) (133) Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 2,651 3,133	Depreciation and amortization	1,447	1,382
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees	Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	44	35
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on guarantees	Share-based compensation expenses	79	77
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability		(20)	(22)
Interest and dividends income (37)	·	·	
Interest expenses 28	•	(37)	(46)
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	Interest expenses		
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade (50) (1.668) Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other (324) 290 Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other (324) (1.314) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 318 (174) 83 Cother, net 780 288 Subtotal 3,773 3,246 Interest and dividends income received 33 48 Interest expenses paid (28) (27) Income taxes (paid) refund (1,126) (133) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,651 3,133 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 2,651 3,133 Net cash provided by (used in) execurities - (611) Proceeds from sales and redemption of securities 284 300 Purchase of property, plant and equipment - (66) Purchase of intangible assets (13) (77) Purchase of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities (550) (233) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (550) (233) Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (550) (233) Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used i		(31)	13
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other (324) 290 Decrease (increase) in inventories (402) (1,314) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade (83) (114) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 313 (14) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 354 258 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 38 354 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 38 354 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 38 354 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other 38 358 Other, net 780 288 Subtotal 3,773 3,246 Interest and dividends income received 33 48 Interest and dividends income received 33 48 Interest and dividends income received 33 48 Interest and dividends income received 23 661 Increase (bard in vesting activities 2,651 3,133 Net cash provided by ((1.668)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-other		
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Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment — 66 Purchase of intangible assets (13) (77) Purchase of investment securities (42) (494) Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities 451 150 Other, net 29 0 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (841) (1,587) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable 50 1,220 Proceeds from long-term loans payable 2,300 200 Repayment of long-term loans payable (550) (233) Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock (743) (2,585) Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests — 184 Cash dividends paid (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 146 (2,175) Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	·	(1,550)	
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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activitiesIncrease (decrease) in short-term loans payable501,220Proceeds from long-term loans payable2,300200Repayment of long-term loans payable(550)(233)Repayments of lease obligations(210)(212)Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock(743)(2,585)Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests—184Cash dividends paid(699)(748)Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities146(2,175)Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents(15)14Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,941(614)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period3,5235,464	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(841)	(1,587)
Proceeds from long-term loans payable 2,300 200 Repayment of long-term loans payable (550) (233) Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock (743) (2,585) Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests — 184 Cash dividends paid (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 146 (2,175) Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
Repayment of long-term loans payable (550) (233) Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock (743) (2,585) Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests — 184 Cash dividends paid (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 146 (2,175) Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	Increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	50	1,220
Repayments of lease obligations (210) (212) Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock (743) (2,585) Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests — 184 Cash dividends paid (699) (748) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 146 (2,175) Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	Proceeds from long-term loans payable	2,300	200
Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests Cash dividends paid Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period (743) (743) (699) (748) (699) (748) (15) 146 (2,175) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614)	Repayment of long-term loans payable	(550)	(233)
Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests Cash dividends paid (699) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 146 (2,175) Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	Repayments of lease obligations	(210)	(212)
Cash dividends paid(699)(748)Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities146(2,175)Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents(15)14Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,941(614)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period3,5235,464	Net decrease (increase) in treasury stock	(743)	(2,585)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities146(2,175)Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents(15)14Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,941(614)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period3,5235,464	Proceeds from payment from non-controlling interests	_	184
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents (15) 14 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,941 (614) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 3,523 5,464	Cash dividends paid	(699)	(748)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,941(614)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period3,5235,464	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	146	(2,175)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents1,941(614)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period3,5235,464	Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(15)	
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,941	(614)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 5,464 4,850	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3,523	5,464
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5,464	4,850

Corporate Information

As of March 31, 2018

■ Company Profile

Corporate Name

JCR Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.

Headquarters

3-19 Kasuga-cho Ashiya, Hyogo, 659-0021 Japan

Representative

Shin Ashida, Chairman, President, CEO and COO

Founded

September 1975

Paid-in Capital

9,061 million yen

Employees

568 (Consolidated) 540 (Non-Consolidated)

Subsidiaries

Family Health Rental Co., Ltd. (Japan)

Chromatech Co., Ltd. (Japan)

JCR Engineering Co., Ltd. (Japan)

He Bei Jie Xi Bio-products Co., Ltd. *

JCR INTERNATIONAL SA (Switzerland)

JCR USA, Inc. (USA)

Stock Information

Listed on

Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section

Securities Code

4552

Total Number of Outstanding Shares

32,421,577

Transfer Agent for Common Stock

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited 1-4-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Accounting Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

Number of Shareholders

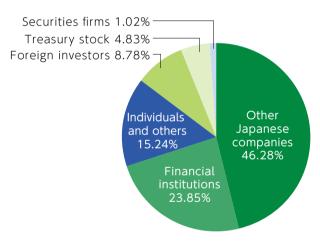
3,796

Principal Shareholders

Trincipal Shareholders	(Unit: 1,000)
Name of shareholder	Number of shares held
MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION	N 7,282
Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	3,800
Future Brain Co., Ltd.	2,177
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Tr	ust A Account) 1,634
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (T	rust Account) 1,577
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Tr	ust Account) 1,448
Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., I	Ltd. 850
Mochida Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	550
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trus	st 9 Account) 489
Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Security Investme	ent Trust Account) 285

^{*} The Company holds 1,566,530 shares of treasury stock, which is not included in the above table.

Composition of Shareholders



^{*} JCR approved a resolution to dissolve and liquidate on April 26, 2017.



JCR Pharmaceuticals Co.,Ltd.